McKean County Miner.

HARRY L. BACKUS, Owner. ROSS K. KNAPP, Editor and Manager TERMS:—$2.00 Per Year

VOL LV SMETHPORT, PA., THURSDAY, JULY 11, 1918 NO 28

DEATH OF A PROMINENT RESIDENT

Charles Bosworth one of Smethport's most highly esteemed townsmen, died a his home on West King street, Wednesday morning, July 10, at 6 o'clock. Mr. Bosworth had been in poor health for several years past, but it was only the last few weeks that he was confined to the house. He was a man greatly respected for many good qualities and his death is sincerely mourned. The bereaved family have the sincere sympathy of the MINER.

Funeral services will be held at St. Lukes' church Friday, July 12th at two in the afternoon.

Charles Bosworth was born December 29th, 1857, near Southbridge, Mass., the son of Henry Alonzo and Samantha Kenfield Bosworth. His father died when he was eleven, and from then on he worked half of the time for several years, alternating terms at school with a brother. He served his carpenter's apprenticeship and became a pattern-maker, and later a cabinet maker. In 1882 he moved to Brooklyn, going to work for White Potter and Paige Mfg Co., at that time the best known cabinet, mantel and picture frame makers in the United States. His advancement in the company was steady and consistent, until he became president in 1905. Mr. Bosworth had many other interests, having been president of the John S. Willard Co., and the Reliance Ball Bearing Door Hanger Co., and a member of the firm of Chappell and Bosworth, architects, all of New York. Having retired from his various activities, he moved to Smethport in 1913.

In 1884 he married Mary Eugenia, daughter of the late John C. and Charlotte McCoy Hamlin. Two children were born to them, Wm. Hamlin, of Franklin, Pa., and Charlotte Mary.

Mr. Bosworth had been a member of the Union League Club of Brooklyn, the Salmagundi Club of New York, the Sons of the Revolutionary and the Metropolitan Museum of Art.

Besides his immediate family, a sister, Mrs. Luther Johnson of Lynn, Mass. and a brother, Frank S. of Brooklyn, survive him.

DONALD HOGARTH IN ACTION.

It has ben learned that Lieut. Donald Hogarth, from whom no word has been received for the last two months, has been doing his bit at the front.

In a weekly statement to the Press published in last Sunday's Philadelphia papers, Gen. March, Chief of Staff at Washington stated that the 12th Fied Artillery was one of the regiments engaged in the brilliant American attack which resulted in the capture of the town of Vaux from the Germans on July 1st. Lieut. Hogarth was assigned to Battery E., 12th, Field Artillery on May 1st. His parents and friends are anxiously awaiting news of him.

RED CROSS NOTES.

Mrs Lucy Backus, chairman of the Finance Committee, reports $253.60 as the result of the sixth monthly collection. The special amounts listed are:

D. A. R. Auxiliary	$12.73
Barbanks Auxiliary	6.85
The 500 club	2.90
Twentieth Century Bridge Club	3.00
Auction Bridge Club	4.00
Hospital Bank Fund	5.62

—There will be examinations for rural mail carriers held at Bradford and Smethport, July 27, to fill vacancies at Bradford and Mt. Jewett. These examinations are open to women residents of the county as well as men.

BIDS ARE ASKED FOR.

As will be seen by a notice in another column bids are asked for the construction of 4260 lineal feet of concrete pavement in Smethport borough and Keating township, by the State Highway department. This is the stretch of highway between McCoy's corners and King's corners, which was surveyed this spring.

Lieut. Robert Hamilton of the U. S. Medical Corps, stationed at Allentown, Pa., is visiting his family here. Dr Hamilton says he enjoys army life and he certainly looks as if it agreed with him.

POTTER-GALLUP WEDDING.

At the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Gallup on Green street, Saturday evening, July 6, at 8 o'clock, occurred the marriage of their daughter, Marion Gertrude, and Lieutenant Ernest Gurdon Potter, son of Mr. and Mrs Frank Potter of East King street. The impressive service of the Episcopal church was conducted by Rev. E. H. Edson rector of St. Luke's. About fifty elative and intimate friends were present at the ceremony.

The ceremony was performed under an archway, framing a beautiful American flag in the background, the archway being most artistically constructed of wild ferns and daisies, punctuated with small silk flags. Large masses of blue larkspur and deep red roses were clusered at the bases of the archway, while a large bell of daisies, under which the young couple stood during the ceremony, was suspendd from the center.

After a song by Miss Winifred Swetland of Coudersport, a schoolmate of the bride, the strains of the Lohengrin Wedding March ushered in the bride on the arm of her father. She was dressed in white beaded Georgette crepe, veil of tulle and orange blossoms. Miss Mary D. Potter, sister of the groom was maid of honor dressed in blue organdie and carried red roses.

In attendance on the bride were the bridesmaids, Miss Christel Comes and Miss Margaret Cooper, dressed in flesh colord Georgette crepe, carrying blue larkspar.

The groom was attended by his brother, Frank Potter, Jr. of Newark, Ohio.

After music by Miss Swetland and Miss Wells, supper was served in the dining room, white carnations forming the table decorations.

The bride is a typical American girl, capable, accomplished and attractive. She was born in Smethport and three weeks ago finished her schooldays, when she graduated from Mechanics Institute at Rochester, N. Y. She is a young lady of pleasing personality and has the sincere wishes of all who know her for a life of happiness and prosperity.

The groom is a son of County Treasurer and Mrs. Frank Potter, who resided in Kane prior to a few years ago when the family came to Smethport. He is a graduate of Dickinson Law School and was practicing his profession here when the war broke out. He attended officers training school and is now an Army lieutenant stationed at Spartanburg S. C., where he is attached to the 53 Infantry. At the expiration of his furlough to-morrow Lieutenant Potter and his bride will leave for Spartanburg, where they will reside until he is called elsewhere.

The wedding gifts were most liberal in supply and beautiful in appearance, gifts of silverwear, cut glass, linen, U. S. Bonds and gold money predominating.

Out o frown guests were: Mr. and Mrs. Clark Breese and Mary V. Potter of Buffalo; Mr. and Mrs. Fred Mulhaupt and Mrs. William Drake of Bradford; Misses Marie, Irene and Genevieve Griffin of Salamanca; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Potter, Jr. of Newark, Ohio; Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Nagle of Kane; Lieut. James B. Dolphin of Camp Wadsworth; Miss Margaret Cooper of Westline and Miss Winifred Swetland of Coudersport.

CARRIED THE MESSAGE

Attorney Peter E. Nelson is in the same class with the famous hero who "carried the message to Garcia." Yesterday afternoon he left Warren with some important advertising matter that had to reach the MINER last night for publication in today's paper. He had two minutes to change trains at Kane and no taxi in sight, whereupon he hailed a perfect stranger in a car, was taken in, and after an exciting chase managed to flag the B. & O. on the Y. Reaching Newton he found that the Kushequa had broken down, and just as he decided to finish the remainder of the journey on foot, another man with a car appeared and brought him to Smethport. The advertising appears therefore as scheduled.

Miss Adelaide Barber, who has been living with her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Camp for the past year and attending Westbrooks College at Olean, has finished her course in that institution and left yesterday for her home in New Castle.

Ernest Bernard of Eldred spent Sunday with friends in this place.

AUSTRIAN TAKEN TO PITTSBURGH

Charged with failing and neglecting to fill out a questionnaire Frank DeKlava, an Austrian, was brought before R. C. Gleason, acting deputy U. S. Commissioner, by John J. Carrigan, deputy U. S. Marshall, of Pittsburgh, Tuesday afternoon, and upon the charge being sustained was held under $2500 bail for his appearance before the U. S. Federal Court. He was taken to Pittsburgh the same day by he deputy marshal. Frank DeKlava is the victim of the near execution that Sheriff Jones staged a couple of weeks ago. He is firm in the belief that he was mighty close to death on that occasion, and this feeling is shared by several other prisoners in the jail, who never expected to see DeKlava again when the Sheriff led him out to be "shot." One fellow was made ill by the sheer horror of the idea and had to take to his bunk.

If no other charges are brought against DeKlava and he acts in a sensible manner his punishment on the pending charge is liable to be light. However, if a sidition charge is brought and it is understood, there is some evidence that the Austrian has tried to prevent fellow countrymen from signing their questionnaire or contributing to the Red Cross, then DeKlava certainly would be in wrong as the penalties for such actions are severe.

MT. JEWETT HERALD CHANGES HANDS.

Last week's Mt. Jewett Herald says: This week's issue of the Herald brings forth new talent in the local newspaper field. Geo. B. Whitehill, owner and editor of the Mt. Jewett Herald for the last five years, has sold the publication to Harold K. Lundberg, the transfer having taken place last Saturday, June 29.

The new owner has combined he job shop that he has operated for some time, with the Herald equipment. This combination completes a finely equipped shop for the country newspaper field.

Mr. Whitehill intends to reenter his former profession in the fall, that of school teaching.

W. Sherman Finch, foreman under Mr. Whitehill for the last few months has taken the editor's chair, also the managership.

Mr. Lundberg is anxious to secure the co-operation of the community, and in return will do his best to furnish a paper worthy of membership in modern newspaperdom.

MANY MEN TO BE CALED.

Physical examination of all men in Class 1 to determine their fitness for immediate military service has been ordered by Provost Marshal General Crowder of Washington. With the prospect of more than 400,000 additional men being called this month and considerable more in August, the new order is a preliminary step toward rapid mobilization as soon as the calls are issued.

Definite statements as to the number of men who will be called during the next eight weeks have not been announced. From an unofficial but reliable source it is understood this number will be about 1,000,000 men. All of class 1 must be ready for the August calls, General Crowder has told the draft boards. This institution includes the 21-year-old men in this year's registration, the greater part of whom will be in camp by September. It includes also men recently removed from deferred classifications and placed in class 1.

BAPTIST CHURCH.

The subject for next Sunday evening July 14 will be—The greatest sin of the People of Smethport.

The pastor expects to go to a new field in the near future.

W. P. WHEELER

WANTED

One Lumber Piler. Address Ridgway Door & Sash Factory, Ridgway, Pa. adv. 27w3

FOR SALE.

Two young Jersey cows, fresh. Inquire Mrs. Mary A. Caldwell, Farmers Valley, Pa., 26adv.4w

B. T. Garlick was a Bradford business visitor Monday.

LETTER FROM D'LEO TORMEY.

Mrs. D'Leo Tormey of the Farm Bureau office recently received a letter from her husband, who is a soldier with the American forces in France, from which the following extracts are taken:

June 3, 1918.

We are here at last and located in a camp that is better than we expected. We have been worked quite hard but that has not hurt any of us to date. Some of us could eat more than we get, but as long as the venders sell strawberries, onions and figs, I will not go hungry. We expected to find the natives an odd lot but were pleasantly surprised to find they were much like other people. To judge by appearances they are very poor. Most of he men wear wooden shoes and no stockings. They are not at all clean and seemed amazed that we would walk three kilometers to do our washing—which we did, in water that you could smell fifty yards before you reached it.

The natives appear to think that all Americans have lots of money and they are keen to get their share. Some things are very cheap—onions, 2 bunches for 10c, about six good sized ones in a bunch; straw berries 25c a quart; one can get a shave for 6c and a haircut for 10c.

We had a wonderful trip coming over, exciting at times and quiet at others. We got off the boat at night and hiked to our camp, a long ways out for tired men. The kids from four years up lined the streets and ran along behind us asking for cigarettes. All the boys smoke and some of the little girls.

We went out for a hike Sunday morning and passed through a small town where they were preparing to celebrate the feast of Corpus Christi. They had the village square all fixed up with a white cloth background, with a most beautiful altar of flowers on one side. From all directions paths of rushes led up to the altar. I would like to have stayed for the service.

Have picked up firewood on various occasions and it surely comes in handy to make you comfortable. We have been to a city several times and are getting quite an idea of French customs.

I wasn't a bit seasick coming over, but some of our boys were so sick that they would have welcomed a submarine with open arms.

LETTER FROM TOMMIE CLARK.

Camp Lee, Va., July 2, 1918.

Dear Sis:—Yours received and was very glad to hear from you. Have been very busy to-day, hod to wash clothes, shave, write letters—and when I finish this take a bath.

Received our first pay yesterday, $11.50. Some pay for the days between May 28 and July, Has mamma received her allotment yet?

Had one tooth and a root pulled this a. m. It was a tooth the filling came out of. Talk about dandy dentists, one holds your head and the other does the work. There was no pain at all. I could sit all day and let them pull teeth.

More hard luck, another case of measles this a. m. Twenty more days in quarantine, darn it. If this keeps up I'll work my notice (fat chance, ha, ha.) The fellow that came down with measles this morning has had sore eyes for a week, but he is not broken out. Every time we are just getting out of quarantine somebody else comes down. Some luck.

Was out on the rifle range yesterday and sure was surprised with Budd's and my shooting. It was good for us. We had to change our bunks again to-nigh and we are lined up in our bunks just as we are in our squad. Budd is two beds from me.

Had another sand storm to-day. To-morrow evening we have to go out on range to try twilight shooting. If they stay there till 2 or 3 in the morning I'll hang a record. I am used to being up at that time—ask Mom. Well, I will close as I have done enough book-keeping for this evening. TOMMIE.

SENATOR TILLMAN IS DEAD.

Senator Ben R. Tillman, known the country over as "Pitchfork," of South Carolina, died at 4:20 the morning of July 4, after a short illness following two strokes of paralysis within the last ten days.

WANTED.

Experienced stenographer wants permanent position. Bell Phone 2R32 adv 2t ***

WOODSMAN FOUND DEAD AT NORWICH

Jack Culligan, a woodsman, was found dead at Norwich. He was about 58 years of age and it is said heart disease was the cause of his death. The remains were brought to Smethport and taken to H. H. Sasse's undertaking rooms, where brief funeral services were held Tuesday, Father P. J. Donahue officiating. The remains were buried in St. Elizabeth's cemetery. E. A. Culligan of Belmont, a brother of the deceased and two sisters residents of Hornell and Olean were in attendance at the obsequies.

COURT HOUSE NOTES

Marriage Licenses

July 2—Paul Hollingsworth of Benezette, Pa., and Lottie Losey of Betula, Pa.

Edward Welch of Bradford, Pa., and Gertrude May Sanford of Franklinville, N. Y.

July 5—Roslyn Wayne Comfort and Margaret Emily Bell both of Bradford, Pa.

July 6—Ernest Gurdon Potter and Marion Gertrude Gallup both of Smethport, Pa.

Joseph S. Campbell of Hazelhurst, Pa., and Bessie Shirey of Kane, Pa.

Leon Darocha of Chicago, Ill., and Dorothy Frances Orzechowski of Kane, Pa.

July 8—Elery L. Knapp of Port Allegany, Pa., and Lotus L. Palmer of Shinglehouse, Pa.

Deeds.

July 2—Mary Alice Woodward and husband to Frances Clare Gallagher, Rixford, $1.

A. W. Boyd and wife to E. A. Van Scoy, Foster, $1.

Addie O. Specht and husband to Silvanus D. Pierce, Keating, $1410.

M. J. Gallup and wife to Charles Hull Norwich, $500.

July 3—West Pennsylvania Conference Association of 7th day Adventists to Levi Wilcox, Otto, $200.

Levi Wilcox and wife to Lester L. Shoff, Otto, $225.

George K. Price and wife to Ruth Marie Ashbaugh, Kane, $1.

John F. Shurtz and wife to Sherman S. Wetmore, Liberty, $400.

Elvin A. Buchanan to Mathias W. Thessen, Bradford, $300.

Mabelle W. Hazelton, et al. to L. Emery, Jr., Bradford, $1.

July 4—Minnie C. Maxwell to Charles J. Tranter, Bradford $2500.

Jessie C. Edgett, et al. to Lucy R. Koch, Bradford, $1.

July 5—New York and Pennsylvania Company to Lesser H. Cohn, Eldred, $1.

W. F. Burr and wife to W. H. Carey Eldred, $100.

J. H. Rasey and wife to W. W. Parmeter, Eldred, $1.

July 6—Kane Estate to Charles Ture Peterson and wife, Kane, $475.

Johnna Peterson to Charles Peterson and wife, Kane, $1.

Charles Peterson and wife to Mary Rolfe, Kane, $950.

Charles Peterson and wife to Ollie Carlson, Kane, $1.

July 8—Thomas J. Johnston and wife to James G. Paul, Bradford, $1250.

Anna Lovell to Frank Sewell, Liberty, $550.

E. W. Edmonds and wife to Maude Cunningham, Rixford, $750.

July 9—Clifford A. Watson to Gretchen Watson, Bradford, $1.

George T. Kelley and wife to Susanne C. Searfoss, Kane, $1.

Henry Hamlin, et. al. to Peter Shawl, Ceres, $300.

John J. Roberts to Earl L. Austin, Ceres, $451.

Satisfaction of Mortgage.

July 2—First National Bank, Port Allegany, Pa., to Nels H. Anderson and wife, Liberty, $2500.

July 3—John Weiss to M. W. Thessen, Bradford, $1500.

Elwin A. Buchanan to Mathews W. Thessen, Bradford, $250.

July 4—Anna H. Todd to Fred J. Walker, Bradford, $500.

July 5—Mary J. Donohue to Otto Faiss, Bradford, $200.

July 9—Jacob Heckel to Clifford A. Watson, Bradford, $2500.

Assignment of Lease.

July 1—Anna M. Stone, Admix. of to Charles Brown, Bradford Twp. $800.

July 8—P. N. McCarty to F. M. Nash Annin $1.

BEARDSLEY TO BE RELEASED.

Edward Beardsley, "the bandit of Summersdale," is about to be released from Auburn state prison after about four and a half years' confinement. Sheriff William H. Marvin and District Attorney William S. Stevens have received notice from the prison that Beardsley's conduct has been good and that he will be paroled tomorrow.

It will be remembered that Beardsley, about four and a half years ago, barricaded himself in his home at Summerdale, N. Y. with nine children and two women, shot Overseer of the Poor John G. W. Putnam and, with the aid of a litle arsenal of revolvers, guns, etc., kept the police and sheriff away from his home for eight days, when he surrendered.

Since Beardsley's imprisonment his children have been placed in homes and at last one of his women comrades in the "fort" has married.

A few indictments still hang over Beardsley and should he go on another rampage, it will not take long to get him back to Auburn.

BURBANKS NOTES

Personal and Social Doings in a Near-by Neighborhood.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Gallup and family spent last week visiting relatives and friends in Wellsville, Almond and Hornell, N. Y.

Mrs. John Phillips of Bentleville, Pa., and Mrs. Robert Hixenbaugh and son, Clell of Gibsonton, Pa., spent the past week with their brother, Clell Carnes, of Irish Hollow.

Mrs. Della Spanogle, daughter Margaret and son William spent Friday and Saturday at the Meadow Brook farm with the A. L. Gallup family.

On June 30 the home of Mr. Lew Thomas of Irish Hollow was a scene of a splendid gathering of friends and neighbors to celebrate the anniversary of his birthday. There were 100 present and the affair was a complete surprise to both Mr. and Mrs. Thomas. Mr. Thomas was speechless and the repeated ejaculations of Mrs. Thomas, "for the lands sakes," created laughter by all who heard her. An abundance of eatables were provided by the friends and the excellent dinner was greatly enjoyed by all.

Burbanks Auxiliary of the Red Cross met for work at the home of George Giffin's Friday afternoon.

NOTICE TO SPORTSMEN.

Notice is hereby given that under the provisions of the Act of April 9, 1915, entitled "An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of deer and elk, etc., a petition has been filed with the Board of Game Commissioners to close the County of McKean to the hunting of Ruffed Grouse and Wild Turkeys, for a period of two years. The said Board has fixed August 2, 1918 as the date for considering the propriety and necessity for closing the said County as petitioned, and all parties interested both for and against such action must file with the Game Commission, at Harrisburg, their approval or objections prior to one o'clock p. m., of said August 2, 1918, in order to be considered.

L. K. HOGARTH,
Representative of Petitioners.
adv.28w3.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given, that the partnership between J. A. Lindholm and J. A. Swanson doing business as the Smethport Ice Company was dissolved on the 1st day of May, 1918.

Elof Erickson having purchased the interest of said J. A. Lindholm, the business will be conducted hereafter by said J. A. Swanson and Elof Erickson under the name of the Smethport Ice Company to whom all bills since May 1, 1918 are payable.

Smethport, Pa., June 20, 1918.

J. A. LINDHOLM,
J. A. SWANSON,
ELOF ERICKSON.

adv26w3.

CARD OF THANKS.

We with to extend our most sincere thanks to our neighbors and friends for their many kindnesses shown and the expressions of sympathy in the loss of our wife and mother.

A. E. Tinmerman,
Olive Tinmerman,
Emerson Tinmerman
Harry Tinmerman,
Ina Lathrop.

WORMS IN HOGS ARE INJURIOUS

Infected Animals Develop Into Pot-Bellied Runts.

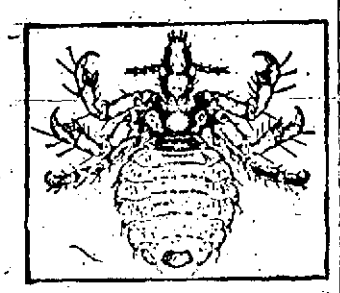
SUCH PIGS DO NOT THRIVE

Mixtures Containing Charcoal, Copperas, Etc., Are Believed to Be of Value as Preventives—Santonin Is Scarce.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Intestinal worms are common in hogs and are particularly injurious to growing pigs. Insufficiently fed, neglected pigs living in dirty pens and yards, fed from filthy troughs, drinking contaminated water, bathing in old hog wallows, and rooting and sleeping in manure piles and stack bottoms soon become infested with worms. Such pigs do not thrive, but develop into pot-bellied, profitless runts. Pens should be kept clean and dry and the manure frequently removed.

Mixtures containing charcoal, copperas, etc., are believed by some to be of value as preventives and destroyers of worms, but their usefulness probably depends upon their general effect on the condition of the pig and



Male Hog Louse.

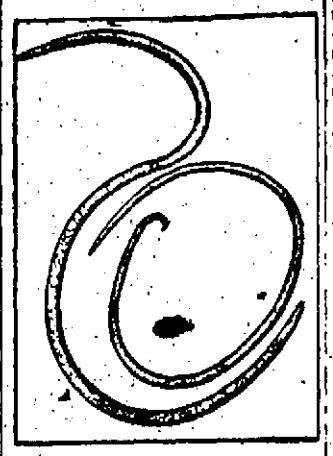
not upon their action on the worms. Other things being equal, a pig in good condition is better able to resist the attacks of worms than one that is not in good condition. Mineral mixtures may, therefore, by helping to balance the ration, tend to increase the powers of resistance to the ill effects of worms and other parasites. They should, however, be classed as tonics or conditioners rather than as worm preventives or destroyers.

Santonin, which was formerly widely used as a remedy for worms in hogs, is practically unobtainable at the present time owing to foreign trade conditions.

Effective Treatment.

The following treatment has been found to be very effective in expelling intestinal worms in experiments conducted by the zoological division of the bureau of animal industry:

Withhold all feed and water for 24 hours, then give each pig from 1 to 2 ounces of castor oil to which has been added oil of American wormseed



Common Roundworms of Hogs—a, Male; b, Female.

as follows: Pigs weighing less than 50 pounds, one-half teaspoonful; pigs weighing 50 to 100 pounds, one teaspoonful; large hogs, two teaspoonfuls. Each pig should be dosed separately if the best results are to be obtained. Castor oil should always be given with oil of American wormseed. Other laxatives are not satisfactory.

Dangerous to Drench Hogs.

Drenching hogs is dangerous, as they are liable to get the remedy into the lungs. With sufficient assistance pigs may be held, the mouth kept open by means of a couple of loops of wire or rope, or leather straps, and the medicine given in a tablespoon or a large kitchen spoon. By this method, though it is troublesome, one may be certain that each pig gets his proper dose. After dosing with the above mixture pigs may be fed and watered. Repeat the treatment in ten days.

Change Pastures Frequently.

Healthy hogs become infected with intestinal worms from feed, water and soil which have been infested by the droppings from infected hogs. Frequent change of pasture is one of the best means of reducing worm infestation to a minimum. Hogs, however, should not be allowed to run at large on open range, as this favors the spread of hog cholera.

Swine can be raised when they are confined in limited quarters if the quarters are kept clean, but they will do much better and stay in better health if they have plenty of pasture. Divide the pasture into convenient areas, so that the hogs can be shifted from one pasture to another. This not only provides fresh pasture, but affords an opportunity to disinfect the pastures by plowing and reseeding or by exposure to the sun and weather.

SUCCULENT FEED IN WINTER

Acre of Corn Can Be Placed in Silo at Cost Not Exceeding That of Shocking and Husking.

Silage is the best and cheapest form in which a succulent feed can be provided for winter use. An acre of corn can be placed in the silo at a cost not exceeding that of shocking, husking, grinding and shredding. Crops can be put into the silo during weather that could not be utilized in making hay or curing fodder. There is less waste in feeding silage than in feeding fodder. Silage is very palatable and like other succulent feeds silage has a beneficial effect on the digestive organs. More stock can be kept on a given area of land with silage.

GUARD AGAINST HIGH PRICES

One of the Best Ways to Grow as Much Food on Farm as Facilities Will Permit.

One of the best ways to be insured against high prices for food is to raise as much of it on the farm as facilities will permit. Both meat and bread will be important next year. When we think of the importance of milk, pork, poultry, eggs, butter, beef, mutton and other foods derived from animals we are sure to be impressed with live-stock raising.

MORE AND BETTER PASTURES

Good Results Obtained by Clipping at Ohio Station—Ripening of Weed Seeds Prevented.

More and better grasses were noticed to result from clipping pastures after harvest in a survey made by the Ohio agricultural experiment station. Briers are removed and the ripening of weed seeds is prevented, so that the grasses and clovers have greater chances for growth. Where the mowing machine cannot go, a scythe may be used.

IMMENSE LOSS BY INSECTS

Agricultural and Horticultural Interests Suffer Big Loss Annually by Pests.

One-tenth of the agricultural and horticultural interests of the United States are destroyed annually by insects, and our greatest safeguard is the destruction of these by the wild birds. The birds are our country's greatest aids to food conservation.

CURING AND STORING SEEDS

Soy Bean Spoils Rather Easily Unless Properly Handled—Avoid Heating and Molding.

Soy bean seed spoils rather easily if not properly handled, and care should be used in curing and storing. After threshing the beans should be watched carefully to avoid heating and molding. When good and dry there is no such danger. A good plan is to spread the beans out on the floor immediately after threshing and shovel them over from time to time until they are thoroughly dry, then they may be safely be put into sacks or bins. The storeroom should be dry and have a free circulation of air. Soy bean seed loses vitality very rapidly and it is not safe to hold seed for planting purposes for more than two seasons.

ADD TO OUR MEAT SUPPLIES

Quickest and Cheapest Way Is to Increase Poultry and Egg Production—Eat Less Meat.

The quickest and cheapest way of adding to our meat supplies is to increase poultry and egg production. To double this production next year will give us 6,500,000,000 pounds of meat food in the form of poultry and eggs. By having this amount of poultry food for domestic consumption we will eat less pork and beef, and can send almost that many pounds of meat to Europe. We cannot increase any of the meat animals as rapidly or economically as poultry.

PLENTY OF SHEEP ROUGHAGE

With Supply of Red Clover or Alfalfa Hay Animals Can Be Carried Until Nearly Spring.

With plenty of roughage, such as red clover or alfalfa hay, sheep can be carried until nearly spring with little grain. Corn silage can be used to furnish succulence, although some losses and a good deal of trouble have resulted from improper feeding of silage.

RATS ARE QUITE EXPENSIVE

With Increased Price of Feed One Costs Eight Dollars Each Year—Better Keep Sow or Ewe.

Statistics used to tell us it cost $5 to feed a rat for one year on the farm. With increased grain prices, it costs $8. One can keep a profitable sow or ewe for the price of a few rats.

WEEVIL IN BEANS AND PEAS

Eggs of Insects Are Easily Destroyed by Fumigation and Bisulphide of Carbon.

The weevil which makes the bugy beans and peas lays its eggs in the maturing beans and peas in the pod during the late summer. The eggs are not recognized by the naked eye, and they do not generally hatch until some time after harvest. The eggs are easily and quickly destroyed by fumigation and bisulphide of carbon, without injury to the beans or peas.

Place the beans or peas in an airtight vessel—a stone crock, a barrel, box or bin. Place a shallow dish on top of the beans, and in this pour a quantity of bisulphide of carbon, which is a heavy, colorless liquid, having a vile smell. The fumes are heavy and will quickly sink through the mass to the bottom. They are explosive, so one must be careful not to bring a light in contact with them.

Cover the vessel quickly and leave it for 24 hours. A tablespoonful will be enough to fumigate the contents of a five-gallon jar and one ounce is enough for two bushels. All beans and peas should be treated in this way, after which they can be kept for an indefinite period without injury.

SOIL PLANT FOODS REMOVED

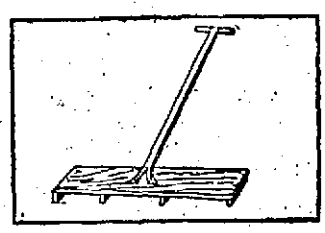
Experiments Add Valuable Information for Farmer in Use of Commercial Fertilizer.

A great many experiments, carefully controlled, have been made to determine the amount of soil plant food removed by crops, and while in a general way they are more interesting than practically instructive for the average farmer, yet they add valuable information along the line of the use of commercial fertilizers. The results obtained from the corn experiments show an average use by full crops of 80 pounds of nitrogen, 38 pounds of phosphoric acid, and 78 4-10 pounds of potash. The husking corn uses more nitrogen in proportion than the ensilage corn, but this is no doubt due to the prolonged feeding season, developing and ripening the ears, the ensilage being cut in green stage. There is, however, quite a wide range shown in some of the tests which is apparently due to the greater availability of the soil ingredients. For instance, in full crops of both ensilage and husking corn its potash has been shown varying from 60 to 100 pounds to the acre of crops, while the nitrogen and phosphoric acid maintain their level average.

HANDY LITTLE SEED MARKER

Implement Will Be Found of Great Convenience in Garden—Straight Lines Essential.

The little seed marker shown in the illustration will be found very useful in garden work. The markers which should be in the form of sled runners are placed 12 inches apart, an extra set of lines can be run through the first. It is important to have perfectly straight lines for planting all garden stuff in order to save ground, to say



Handy Seed Marker.

nothing of the good appearance of the garden, and this can be accomplished in no other way except by the use of a marker. In drawing the first line the ground should be squared up accurately and a string stretched at one side as a guide for the marker. It is a good plan to use a line for all other marks as well, setting it exactly 18 inches from the last mark.

TO ERADICATE QUACK GRASS

Small Patches Can Be Covered With Tar Paper or Forked Out—Follow Disk With Harrow.

The following will eradicate quack grass:

For small patches cover with tar paper or fork it out. For a large area first mow it, then plow it under and disk about once a week till fall. Sometimes it pays to follow the disk with the harrow. It will sometimes be found necessary to plow it again at the end of the season. Corn is a good crop to put on this land the following year. If there are any stray plants they can be dug out.

TROUBLE IN FINDING LABOR

Whole Proposition Should Be Studied by Farmer in Winter With View to Economizing.

Some crops require much more labor than others and this factor should be considered by growers who have difficulty in finding labor. The small, quick-purishing crops, such as radishes and lettuce, require much more labor than others like cabbage, sweet corn and cucumbers. The whole proposition should be studied carefully during the winter months with a view to economizing in the employment of labor and utilizing labor to the very best advantage.

KILL OUT CANADIAN THISTLE

Weeds Are Difficult to Eradicate, as They Have Underground Stems—Mow and Plow.

Canadian thistle and sow thistle are hard to kill, as they have underground stems from which new plants are sent up. A piece of this stem if cut off and given the right conditions will form a new plant. The first step in the eradi-

Canada Thistle.

cation is to mow the plants, then plow them under and disk the land as often as new shoots appear. Keeping the top from growing will in time kill the roots and underground stems. Growing a crop of corn in hills and cultivating thoroughly both ways and hand-hoeing the hills is another way of eradication. Getting rid of the patches of Canada thistle and sow-thistle now will save a lot of work a little later.

MOST EFFECTIVE ROAD TOOL

Drag Can Be Used in Maintaining Public Highways—They Are Easily and Cheaply Made.

The most effective tool which can be used in the maintenance of earth roads is the road drag. The first drags were made more than 50 years ago, but it is only during the last few years that they have come into general use. They are easily and cheaply made, easily operated and accomplish wonders if properly used. Every mile of earth road in the state of Texas should be maintained with a drag, and if the time and money wasted under the present system of "working the roads" (this does not mean that all time and money so spent are wasted) were used in dragging the roads, our states would have some of the best earth roads in America.

GROW LARGE CROPS OF OATS

Farmer Should Provide Feed for Horses, Sheep, Cows and Other Stock—Plan Is Outlined.

The farmer who raises horses and sheep, feeds dairy cows and fattens beef cattle, annually should grow large crops of oats. They should get ripe enough to be cut and bound by the binder, so when dried out in the shock the sheaves will not mold when stored in the barn. These things attended to, with some kind of power and a modern straw cutter in the barn, the entire crop, as needed, should be cut up quite fine and fed. Fed in this way, the stock eats up almost all the straw, and the grain entire.

DRESSED WEIGHT OF SWINE

Shown by Experiments That Animals Average 76.44 Per Cent Fasted Live Weight.

A number of experiments have shown that the dressed weight of hogs is on an average of 76.44 per cent fasted live weight.

When hogs are fed corn or other concentrated fat-producing feeds the dressed weight may be 80 per cent of the live weight. On this estimate the blood constitutes 2.5 to 3 per cent of the live weight; the liver, 1.3 to 1.5 per cent; heart, 2 per cent; stomach and contents, 4.5 to 5 per cent; intestines, 6.5 to 8 per cent; kidneys, 3 per cent; spleen, 1 per cent; intestinal fat, 1 to 2 per cent; kidney fat, 4 to 4.5 per cent.

PREPARING NOW FOR SPRING

Winter Is Good Time to Rig Up Several Three and Four-Horse Eveners on Implements.

In view of the probable shortage of farm labor next spring, now is a timely occasion to rig up several three and four-horse eveners to be used on the farm implements. One man with a four-horse team will do almost as much work in preparing the spring seedbed as two men, each using a two-horse team.

RAPID INCREASE IN ALFALFA

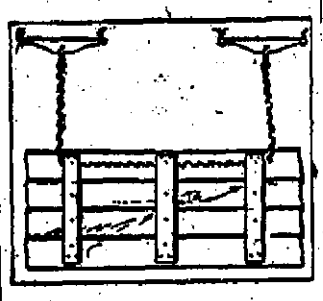
Has Resulted in More Careful Study of Its Possibilities as Food for All Farm Animals.

The rapid increase in the production of alfalfa in the United States during recent years has resulted in a more careful study of its possibilities as a food for all classes of live stock. Formerly it was used primarily as a cattle feed, but now it is used as a feed for horses, swine and sheep.

PLANK DRAG COMES IN HANDY

Useful in Leveling Plowed Ground and Breaking Clods—Boards Held Together by Bolts.

This plank drag comes in handy for leveling plowed ground and breaking clods. It is 8 feet long and made of five 1½-inch boards, 8 inches wide, writes Charles Schroeder in Oklahoma Farmer. The boards overlap one another a little just as shown, and they



Handy Plank Drag.

are held together by being bolted, and by nailing on the scantlings as shown in the drawing. A chain is passed around under the front end of the scantlings with the single-trees at the other end to hitch on the team.

USE SWEET CLOVER FOR PIGS

Ordinarily an Acre of Crop Will Support Twenty to Thirty Shoats—Other Uses for Weed.

An acre of sweet clover ordinarily will support 20 to 30 shoats. Man, other uses for this erstwhile weed are told in Farmers' Bulletin No. 820, published by the United States department of agriculture, Washington.

Stock may refuse to eat sweet clover at first, but if they are kept on the field for a few days they will soon develop a liking for it. It will furnish as much pasture during the season as any other legume, with the possible exception of alfalfa.

Sweet clover also makes a first-class hay if it is cut before it gets too course, and it is a remarkable soil-builder. It is one of the best honey plants because of the large amount of nectar it produces. Beekeepers would do well to plant at least a small patch of it solely for honey purposes.

HIGHWAY ON PACIFIC COAST

Dream Is for Macadamized, Asphalt Surfaced Road From Alaska South to Panama.

Good road advocates should turn their eyes upon the Pacific coast states where their hobby is reaching a development nowhere else approximated in the United States. The dream of the Pacific coast is for a macadamized, asphalt-surfaced highway from Alaska south to the Panama canal. The realization of the project so far is the actual voting by the state of California of a bond issue of $18,000,000,000 and by the public interest aroused in Oregon, Washington and British Columbia which promises early legislation for the continuation of the California highway.

JOB FOR FIRST STORMY DAY

Reduce Loss of Young Animals by Infectious Diseases by Cleaning Stables Thoroughly.

A good job for the first rainy day.

From 6 to 10 per cent of the young animals are lost each year from such infectious diseases as calf scours, hog cholera, blackleg, contagious abortion, navel ill of sucklings, distemper and other infectious diseases.

Reduce this loss of young animals from infectious diseases by cleaning the stable thoroughly and disinfecting with whitewash to which has been added 2 per cent crude carbolic acid or 5 per cent coal-tar dip. This is easily applied to the walls, ceiling and floors with a spray pump.

LAYING CONCRETE IN WINTER

Such Indoor Work as Cellar Floors and Barn Floors May Be Successfully Performed.

Indoor concrete work such as cellar floors and barn floors under cover, may be done successfully in winter, if proper precaution is taken to keep the concrete from freezing. Fence posts and concrete blocks may be made successfully indoors during the winter, but outdoor work in concrete is not advisable after the temperature is below 45 degrees. If you have some outside concrete work to do in cold weather, you must keep the concrete from freezing by heating the ingredients, using warm water and covering so they will not freeze.

PROTEIN SUPPLY FOR FOWLS

When Closely Confined Chickens Will Need Some Kind of Meat—Grain Is Not Enough.

Fowls confined in close pens, yards or runs where they have little chance to get insects will need some kind of meat. Grain will not supply enough protein and mineral matter for best results.

To supply this demand for protein and mineral matter meat meal, meat scrap or tankage is generally fed. Laying hens especially need some of these forms of feed. Young chickens will thrive better if fed meat in some form occasionally.

HOW

Spoony Couple Finds a Way to Get Together

It is a difficult matter to beat little Dan Cupid when he really gets on the job of roping two aching hearts together. There's an engaged pair in New York city who have solved the difficulties of spooning in a decidedly unique way, relates a correspondent. The young man in the case is ambitious, but has still to make good. The girl's parents for that reason have forbidden him coming to the house until he is able to support a wife in the comforts of a high-class apartment suite with an adjacent French poodle or two and a maid. The girl doesn't like to override the conventions by calling on her fiance at his boarding house, and he himself is opposed to it. Thus shut out from the parks by the nipping winds and from the coziness of the parlor, necessity has mothered an invention.

The sweethearts enter the Pennsylvania station and both make a dash for a train about to leave. As the young man extends his hand in farewell the girl kisses him fervently and clings to his neck. Then, as if overcome by the parting, she quickly makes for the street entrance and on her way out comes face to face with her young man, who has also made for the street entrance through another door. They keep repeating the good-by performance many times during the evening, and no one pays the slightest attention to them, as farewell clinchings are the usual thing at train depots.

GERMS LIKE FRIGID WEATHER

Why Rheumatism, Caused by Bacteria, Is Worse on Cold Days.

Rheumatism is now known to be a disease of the joints caused by certain bacteria called diplococci, discovered by Doctor Rosenow in 1913. In deaths from rheumatism these diplococci are found not only in the fluids of the affected joints, but in the valves of the heart and in the throat.

Doctors Poynton and Paine of London inoculated rabbits with fluid from the pericardium or throat of persons who had died of rheumatism, and in a few days these animals developed typical cases of the disease. Other rabbits inoculated from these followed the same course.

To test the relation of cold to rheumatism they made experiments which proved that the cocci of rheumatism grow better at low temperature than at high, in this respect behaving opposite to those of pneumonia and many other diseases which are rendered inert by cold. Animals inoculated with pneumococci and streptococci and kept at a low temperature proved refractory to the diseases set up by these, while animals inoculated with the cocci of rheumatism and kept at the same low temperature promptly succumbed. Similar results were obtained with cultures of the cocci in the laboratory.

Here, then, is a bacterium which is stimulated into activity by cold, and this explains why the "rheumatics" are worse in cold weather.

TAKING SNUFF A CEREMONY

Why South Americans Never Inhale Powder While They Are Standing.

Did you know that the natives of South America make the taking of snuff an important ceremony?

In old days no one was allowed to give snuff except the chiefs; and they had to be asked several times. If they had given it at once, and the person to whom they gave it should happen to be taken ill, he would have said at once that the snuff had poison in it, observes a writer.

Snuff is never taken standing, but always sitting down; it would be thought rude to stand. This is the remains of an old practice. When one man wanted to kill another, he asked him for snuff, and while his companion was using both hands to find his snuff box, he would kill him. They now make snuff boxes out of all kinds of funny things; old cartridge cases, little gourds, tin boxes and pieces of horn. They are very clever in making them, and often ornament them very prettily with brass and copper wire.

The snuff is made of coarse tobacco mixed with ashes. The people like it to bring tears to their eyes, and make them sneeze violently. When they sneeze, they say, "May the chief bless us." When the chief sneezes, the people near him say, "May he live long," or "May he grow greater."

How Wireless Is Used in Trenches.

Although very little has been permitted to pass the censors, it is understood that wireless is being employed to an unprecedented degree on the battle front in France. In the front line trenches the aerial wires are strung along a parapet just behind the barricade. In the support trenches the aerial wires are elevated a few feet above the ground, while far to the rear the aerial is generally elevated to about 20 feet by light bamboo poles. The sectional masts familiar to only army pack sets and weapon sets are practically unknown in the war zone, for the reason that a single aerial a few feet above the ground is sufficient for the short distances which must be covered. Wireless telegraphy is a necessity in communication work, because of the difficulty of laying telephone and telegraph lines and then maintaining them across shell-sprayed terrain.—Scientific American.

Wait
Until the "Number" Answers or the Operator Reports

ONE of the things that causes telephone congestion is the practice of abandoning calls.

Very often a subscriber will call a number and if he doesn't get an almost instantaneous connection will hang up and try again later. He feels that minutes have elapsed while, in reality, it has been but a matter of seconds.

This hanging up of your telephone receiver means that your time, and the time and labor of the operator, has been wasted and the whole operation repeated later; then again if the called party comes on the line the operator must answer: "Party's gone" or "Excuse it, please."

Please remain at your telephone until the called subscriber answers or the operator reports. This will mean a saving in the time and effort of the three parties to the call, and involve less use of the lines and equipment at a time when the Telephone Company is striving to avoid unnecessary service congestion, when all its facilities are directed to the task of meeting the increasing general needs of the country.

THE BELL TELEPHONE CO. OF PA.
C. T. McKEE, Local Manager.
BRADFORD, PA.

LOOK AHEAD

JUST JUMP OVER THE FENCE into pastures green and say to yourself that you will not be influenced by past conditions or environment. Resolve to keep in mind only the vision of prosperity, success, and a brilliant future.

It is not necessary for you to wait until the whistles blow and the bells ring, January first, to turn over a new leaf. Do it now. Make every payday count while you are earning. Why not start today?

THE GRANGE NATIONAL BANK,
Smethport, Pa.

McKean County Miner

Smethport, Pa., July 11, 1918

—The front of the building occupied by J. A. Lindholm's grocery is undergoing extensive repairs.

—Ringling Brothrs circus in Olean, Monday, proved a drawing card and many Smethport people found occasion to visit that city.

—The new form of sugar canning certificates and pledge blanks are now in stock at the MINER office for the convenience of sugar dealers.

—Mr. and Mrs. William Mitchell, formerly of Smethport, are now located in Washington, D. C., where Mr. Mitchell is employed in the Government printing office.

—One of the neatest little homes in McKean County is the bungalow on West Water street now nearing completion, belonging to Leo Digel. The dwelling and garage are in perfect architectural harmony and the result is one of the most attractive dwellings in town.

—The County Home buildings are rapidly being placed in livable condition again, after the severe wrecking they received in the tornado May 25. The cow barn has been reconstructed, and among the repairs noticed is a new roof on the horse barn. Superintendent Taylor of the Home is also looking after the construction work.

—The Home Service section of the Red Cross, of which Rev. E. H. Edson is chairman, is endeavoring to obtain information concerning Norman Simpkins of the Marine Corps, a son of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Simpkins of Smethport, who has not been heard from since March 8. Recent developments lead to the opinion that he may be with a party of Marines who are in Russia under sealed orders.

—Through the kindness of Mr. and Mrs Sam Green, the editor of the MINER and family enjoyed a motoring trip to Mt. Jewett Sunday. It was the writer's first visit to Mt. Jewett in more than ten years and he was pleasantly surprised at the vastly improved appearance of that town. The brick pavement has done wonders to the appearance of its Main Street, and with many well kept properties along the way now makes Mt. Jewett one of the prettiest towns in this part of the state.

—Master Brothers Co. has a new and interesting ad. today.

—The Grange National Bank has a new ad. today on timely subjects.

—The Fry Company has something of interest to tell you in its advertisement this week.

—Your attention is directed to the statement of the Hamlin Bank and Trust Co., which appears elsewhere in this issue.

—As will be seen in the Betula letter, four or five mistakes in the MINER'S account of the death of Dan Grattan last week are corrected. Outside of that we hope the article was all right.

—Stanley Dumaboskey, aged 13 years, was caught between two cars which were being switched inside the paper mill at Austin, one day last week, and died from the injuries he received.

—Delos Gallup of Avoca, N. Y., is visiting relatives and friends in Smethport. He spent Monday with his cousin, A. L. Gallup. Mr. Gallup was a resident of Smehport 35 years ago, and his old friends here welcome him home.

—Tommy Ryan of Smethport, who is in the transport service and whose participation in a battle with U-boats was published a few weeks ago, is back from another successful trip across the Atlantic, making his seventh. Tommy has received the French Croix de Guerre for his courageous conduct in that night battle with submarines, when as the member of a boat's crew, he helped rescue drowning soldiers.

—George B. Whitehill has accepted the principalship of the Russell High School. He succeeds Robert Young, who expects to be drafted this summer. Mr. Young would have gone with the draft of last week, but his school didn't close until June 28. Mr. Whitehill will no doubt feel quite at home in taking up his former profession. —Mt. Jewett Herald.

—When lovely women enters man's industrial field, is she no longer entitled to the regard and respect she formerly received from the male of the species? Joseph McConnell, 26, chauffeur of Buffalo, evidently did not seem to think so last night when, it is alleged, he hurled insulting words at on of Olean's woman street car conductors. McConnell's remarks cost him $10 when he appeared in police court.

—William Hugh Abbey, who left with the draftees June 28, has the distinction of being the great-grandson of James Abbey, a soldier of the Revolutionary War, and of Capt. Samuel G. Preston, a captain of the Revolutionary War. He is also a grandson of Samuel E. Preston, who was a sergeant in the Northern army, having served three years during the Civil War.

—Persistent stories have been current for the last few days to the effect that Nick Henderson of Portville, N. Y., formerly a well known basketball player now on service overseas, was returning to this country with both of his hands cut off. The story is groundless. Some weeks ago Henderson's people received a letter saying that he had hurt his hands and that they were bandaged, but there is no cause for believing that he was obliged to lose his hands.

PUBLICITC STAFF — AMERICAN RED CROSS.—HOME SERVICE SECTION.

Through the press the American Red Cross, Home Service Section, is making urgent call for volunteer workers to fill the constantly growing need in this department for efficient, intelligent, and serious-minded service. The Home Service Section has to do with the families of the men who are in service, whether it be the Regular Army, the National Guard, enlisted men, selectives, or draftees. To keep their morale up to a standard which will maintain them as helpful, reliant members of their particular community is what Home Service is doing.

In order to bring to this service in this part of the state women who can be of the utmost help to these families American Red Cross Pittsburgh Chapter, has arranged for an Institute in the Assembly Room of the Union Arcade, Pittsburgh, for a six weeks' training course, beginning July 8. It will be under the direction of Dr. Francis D. Tyson, of University of Pittsburgh, also secretary of the Home Service Section, Pittsburgh Chapter. The subjects to be covered by high lecturers and field work will be, health, child welfare, employment of women and children, family budgets, dietetics, unstable families, personal influence, material relief, re-education of disabled soldiers and the use of community resources for furthering family welfare. The Institute will require full time work and it is urged that the local Chairman, Red Cross, civilian Relief Section, select or recommend students for this service.

Those in this locality, who are interested communicate at once with the local chairman, or direct with Pittsburgh Chapter, Civilian Relief, 4th floor, Union Arcade Building.

It is hoped by the Red Cross to interest in this service many of the young and efficient women who have just come from school or College and who have not yet decided just what department of War Work they will select in which to do their bit. Boston has over 200 Volunteer workers, trained and in the field and New York has just as many, while the standard of both work and workers is the highest in Pittsburgh of any city in the state. To organize the entire western part of the state into efficient Home Service work is the hope of this section. American Red Cross and for this purpose this Institute has been arranged.

The need of a strong Home Service section in every chapter is being strongly urged by the American Red Cross. The duties of this section are to keep the soldier in touch with the folks at home, to see that his dependents are well cared for, to alleviate distress of mind as well as body, to be the last link in the chain that connects the man at the front with the folks back home. Within the past few weeks W. Frank Pearsons, the Director General of Civilian Relief, has sailed for France to inaugurate Home Service there. He took with him twenty business and professional men who have volunteered their services to establish a service close behind the battle lines that will keep every soldier informed and reassured about the folks he left behind. It is understool that the Smethport Home Service section is now organized and ready for its duties. All persons who wish to take advantage of this service to communicate with relatives whether abroad or in the training camps of this country are asked to communicate with Rev. E. H. Edson, chairman of the Smethport Section Home Service, P. O. Box 331, Smethport, Pa.

SHEEP DIPPING DEMONSTRATIONS.

Friday, July 12, 2 p. m., we expect to hold a sheep demonstration at the McKean Farm on Marvin Creek. Also a second one will be held on Saturday, July 13, 2 p. m., at the farm of John Carlson, Turtle Point. Mr. Connell of State College, who has been here on sheep work heretofore, will have this work in charge. There are right and wrong ways of doing dipping. The purpose of this demonstration is to teach the proper method of dipping and to give instruction concerning the dip, the different things to dip for, and other phases of sheep diseases and pests. Ticks and lice can ruin a flock of sheep as well as a dog and for that reason, it is very important that you attend this demonstration.

Home Economic Announcement.

Beginning the week of July 22nd, there is to be held, under the auspices of the McKean County Farm Bureau, about 14 different demonstrations. In some places the baking of substitutes for wheat flour will be demonstrated and in others, canning of meats and vegetables. Watch the papers for a more definite announcement.

Sheep and Wool Growers' Association.

The sheep men of McKean County who are not members of the "Sheep and Wool Growers' Association," do not fully realize the importance of such an organization and help make it a greater success. The three locals at Eldred, Port Allegany and Smethport have a reasonably large membership and could control not only the wool situation of this county, but the sheep situation as well. Th members of the Association have placed their wool at the disposal of the secretary-treasurers of the locals assisted by the secretary-treasurer of the county and as a result, an agent for a licensed dealer has been to visit these parties and has offered 70c per pound for the wool. This agent himself states that if he or anyone else had to go about the county locating and collecting the wool, they could not pay within two cents per pound of what he has offered. In some cases men have sold their wool very hurridly for from 62c to 65c but let us all stick together for the sheep man's interest and we will have an organization that will very conveniently handle the sheep industry of the county. Get in touch with one of the following officers, join the Association, and sell your wool for 70c per pound. William Jones, Smethport; George Richards, Smethport; George Carlson, Turtle Point; Dr. J. H. Racey, Eldred; W. R. Ventres, Port Allegany

Pennsylvania State Highway Department, Harrisburg, Pa. Sealed proposals will be received at said office until 10 a. m. August 1, 1918, when bids will be publicly opened and scheduled, and contract awarded as soon thereafter as possible for the reconstruction of 6260 lineal feet of One Course Plain Cement Concrete Pavement, sixteen feet wide, situated in Smethport Borough and Keating Township, McKean County. Applications No. 575, 576 and 577. Bidding blanks and specifications may be obtained, free, and plans upon payment of $2.50 per set, upon application to State Highway Department, Harrisburg. No refund for plans returned. They can also be seen at office of State Highway Department, Harrisburg, 1001 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, 904 Hartje Building, Pittsburgh, and Warren Savings Bank, Warren, Pa. J. D. O'Neil, State Highway Commissioner. adv28w3

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF HAMLIN BANK AND TRUST COMPANY

located at Smethport, Pa., at the close of business, June 29, 1918.

Resources.		
Reserve Fund:		
Cash, specie and notes		50,229.20
Due from Approved Reserve Agents	116,964.21	
Legal reserve securities at par	40,850.00	227,043.41
Nickles and cents		652.53
Checks and cash items		1,133.33
Due from banks, trust cos., excluding reserve		109,576.13
Commercial paper purchased Upon one name		200,504.07
Upon two names		100,811.53
Time loans with collateral		151,416.41
Call loans with collateral		158,022.62
Loans secured by bonds and mortgages		80,110.37
Bonds, stocks, etc.		250,139.39
Mortgages and judgments of record		60,285.13
Office building and lot		17,500.00
Furniture and fixtures		2,500.00
Overdrafts		3,295.44
Book value of legal reserve securities above par		768.00
Total		$1,475,161.97
Liabilities		
Capital stock		200,000.00
Surplus fund		100,000.00
Undivided profits, less taxes paid		13,680.40
DEMAND DEPOSITS: (exclusive of trust funds)		
Deposits subject to check	544,150.53	
Deposits U. S.		
Postal savings	393.33	
Certified checks	630.06	
Treasurer's checks outstanding	41,186.70	586,350.49
TIME DEPOSITS: (exclusive of trust funds)		
Time certificates of deposit	341,360.71	
Savings fund deposits	133,384.37	475,131.08
Total		$1,475,161.97

Corporate Trusts.

Total amount (U. S. face value) of Trusts under deeds of trust or mortgages executed by Corporations to the Company as Trustee. Companies as Trustee to secure Issues of corporate bonds, including Equipment Trusts 50,000.00

State of Pennsylvania, County of McKean, ss.

I, Ralph E. Burdick, Treasurer of the above named Company do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

RALPH E. BURDICK, Treasurer

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of July, 1918.

Sheridan Gorton, Notary Public.

GUY McCOY,
JOHN FORREST,
O. J. HAMLIN,
Directors.

Don't count your chickens until they are old enough to bluff the cat.

Why is it that thieves display more discretion than honest men?

It is everlastingly too late to pick the winner after the race is over.

One can't blame a man for kicking when he has to foot another's bills.

Any man who sits around and waits for an easy job is a grafter at heart.

Tombstones remind us that the average man isn't as white as he is sculptured.

If your boss isn't satisfactory, just mention the fact to him, and perhaps he will permit you to resign.

ABOUT PERSONS

John Taylor of Crystal Springs, Miss., has 15 sons in the United States army.

General Vorkhovsky, late Russian war minister, 12 years ago was a chamber page to the czar.

Joseph P. Guffy, Democratic state chairman of Pennsylvania, has been appointed petroleum administrator, covering the purchase of all oil for the United States during the war.

Governor Whitman of New York was challenged by a sentry on a dark night and explained that he was governor. The sentry replied: "I'm governor, too. Put up your hands!" A corporal explained the situation. The governor said to the sentry: "You are a good soldier," and passed on.

Caterpillars Make Raid.

A plague of caterpillars devastated the region of Puy, in Auvergne, France. In the village of Aiguilhe they even invaded houses, causing the villagers to flee. At Vals several roads were covered with them to such a depth as to render traffic impossible, while the washerwomen on the banks of the River Borne were obliged to cease work. Great damage was caused to crops, a single night sufficing for the caterpillars to clear large areas. All the usual remedies proved unavailing.

Evidently She Had Not.

The small boy was teasing his mamma for candy all during the preparation for a trip downtown, when finally, exasperated, she said: "Claude, if you don't stop mother will be angry. If I see fit when we get there I'll buy some, otherwise I'll not."

He was quiet during several visits in and out of the downtown stores, when finally he said: "Mother, have you seen your fit yet?"

YOU CANNOT

afford to insure yourself; otherwise you would not need insurance.

The same reasons that prompted you to carry insurance should, upon due inquiry, admonish you perhaps to take out more insurance, because of the increased cost of building materials, labor, and nearly every other item of expense entering into the cost of making repairs, or of re-building, after a fire. Ask

Burdick's Insurance Agency & Music Store

305 W. MAIN ST. SMETHPORT, PA.

TRY THE MINER
14 WEEKS
FOR 50c

USED CAR SALE

PRICES SLASHED TO PIECES....

We have sold our Garage and Auto Sales Department to the Smethport Garage Co. We have a few used cars on hand and must sell them so the new company can have the room. All of these cars are in good running order, and are genuine bargains. Will demonstrate to your satisfaction. Come early and get your choice.

MASTER SIX CHALMERS, Continental Motor—Seven Passenger, cost $2650.00, Paint, Upholstering, etc., in fine condition. Tires good. Brand new $55.00 Storage Battery. Guaranteed in good mechanical condition. Price $650.00

ONE FIVE PASSENGER FORD, with extra good tires, and in very good mechanical condition. Price $275.00

NEW MAXFER STUDEBAKER, One and a Half Ton Truck. Bosch High Tension Magneto. Large Stake Body, Windshield and Top. In fine running order. All new tires. Big Bargain. Price $700.00

REO TRUCK, capacity 1500 lbs. Stake Body. Solid tires, rear ones new. Good running order. Price ..... $115.00.

TRAILER—Four wheels, artillery type, roller bearing. Big solid rubber tires, brand new—costs $265. Will sell for ..... $200.00.

TERMS: One half cash, balance on monthly payments.

BACKUS NOVELTY CO.

SMETHPORT, PA.

McKean County Miner

HARRY L. BACKUS, Owner.
ROSS K. KNAPP, Editor and Manager

Entered at the Post Office at Smethport, Pa., as second-class matter

Smethport, Pa., Thursday, July 11, 1918.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For Governor,
WILLIAM C. SPROUL,
of Chester County.

For Lieutenant-Governor
EDWARD E. BIEDLEMAN
of Dauphin County.

For Secretary of Internal Affairs.
JAMES F. WOODWARD,
of Allegany County.

For Congressmen-at-Large
MAHLON M. GARLAND,
of Allegany County.
THOMAS S. CRAGO,
of Greene County.
JOSEPH McLAUGHLIN,
of Philadelphia County.
ANDERSON H. WALTERS,
of Cambria County.

For Representative in Congress
EVAN J. JONES
of Bradford

For Members of Assembly
C. W. CATLIN
of Port Allegany.
J. A. FITZGIBBON
of Bradford.

Of course there is nothing to be said in defense of the telegraph companies if they have really been sending their "night messages" by hand instead of over the wire; but there doesn't seem to be any real competition involved with the United States mails. Probably the "wireless" messenger who carried a bag of night letters from New York to Boston got to his destination on time the next morning and the "telegrams" were delivered on time.

But if they had been committed to Mr. Burleson's tender care it would be a gamble as to when they might reach Boston. With good luck a letter can go for only three cents all the way from Park Row to Beacon street in less than twenty-four hours. But not if it has to go to Chicago or Saskatchewan first, or if it has to rest for a week in a railway mail car, or a pleasant pigeonhole somewhere.

Perhaps there is room for a jitney service, a delivery by hand, if legal difficulties can be overcome. Or it may be conceivable that the regular post office service could, in proper hands, become efficient once more.

Lord Robert Cecil speaks words of wisdom to the British Parliament, which Americans will do well to heed likewise. He says it will not do to take the reports of Austrian riots, etc., too seriously; because they are probably inspired or exaggerated as a means of German propaganda. In this country especially, there has been a tendency to look for victory in the war through some inscrutable act of Providence—maybe through the death of the Kaiser, maybe through a complete failure of German corps, maybe through a pestilence in the Central Empires. But the only sure way of winning the war is to lick the Hun with lead and cold steel and shrapnel and other enginery of battle. It is all very well to look to Providence for aid; but Providence, as Napolean said, is on the side of the heaviest battalions.

Increased prices for railroad tickets have been in effect for nearly a month, increased prices for freight transportation a shorter period. Who pays the additional money? In the first instance, of course, those who travel of who ship or receive goods. Those who travel for pleasure or on their own personal business must stand the increase themselves—but in almost every other instance some way will be found for passing the additional costs on to the general public and the ultimate consumer. These classes of the population will seek to solace themselves with the thought that when they pay more for an article and are told that it is because of the increased cost of railroad transportation they are contributing to help the government which is carrying on war and running the railroads. But in reality they are paying the additional money in order that a few, comparatively, of the people of the country may receive higher wages which Mr. McAdoo has granted to them and which he is making all the people pay.

Stand behind the boys at the front—but not too far behind.

Senator Charles Curtis of Kansas has given notice that when the bill proposing to pension widows and minor children of men who served in the War with Spain, Phillipine Insurrection, or in China comes before the Senate for action he will move to amend it so as to permit the pensioning of other relatives of a soldier. Under the bill as it now stands only the widow or child under 16 years of age of a soldier would be entitled to pension upon his death. By Senator Curtis's amendment, if a soldier leave no widow or minor child, then a pension of $12 per month may be paid in the order named to his surviving mother, father, or orphan brothers and sisters under 16 years of age, the last mentioned to be pensioned jointly. In order to benefit under Mr. Curtis's amendment a soldier's relatives must not have an annual income in excess of $250.

Congressman Joseph Walsh of Massachusetts has rendered the country another service in the course of his campaign to prevent the printing in the Congressional Record of matter extraneous to the actual proceedings of the House. A Democratic Member from Arkansas sought permission to incorporate in the Record a baccalaureate sermon delivered before the graduating class of a certain place of learning in which he is interested. No claim was made that the sermon had a proper place in the Record, and the attempt to print it was patently merely an effort to increase the prestige at home of the Arkansas man. The abuse of Congressional privilege was frustrated by Mr. Walsh with a prompt objection.

The composite character of our troops has attracted attention abroad. They are various in physiognomy and complexion. They betray the far distances from which we have permitted them. But, we are told, there is something distinctive about them after all. They would never be mistaken for the troops of any other nation. They have something of the English, something of the Australians, something of the Canadians, but they are clearly American nevertheless.—Providence Journal.

Allan Benson, who was the Socialist party's candidate for the Presidency two years ago, has quit the party in disgust with what he calls its non-Americanism. The outsider is unable to follow such fine distinctions. To the man in the middle of the road the Socialist party is mighty little different now from what it was in 1916. The only thing that has happened is that the war has thrown the acts of Socialism into a bolder relief.

Representative Clifton N. McArthur of Oregon is the author of a bill that will be a substantial aid in solving the problem of caring for our returning soldiers after the war. The measure makes it possible for a member of our military forces to file on a homestead on the public land in the United States through a relative or authorized agent, and at any time within six months after his discharge establish his residence thereon and perfect his title. Mr. McArthur provides that the duration of the applicant's military service shall be deducted from the length of residence required under the homestead laws, but in no event shall the residence be less than one year.

The democratic press of the state is throwing up geysers of wrath and charges of disloyalty because of the republican state convention last week. The Hoosier republicans, you know, were guilty of lese majestie against the president. They dared to intimate that Mr. Wilson was a partisan democrat, and that affairs at Washington were conducted on a partisan basis. Hoosier republicans did not believe the administration had done all it ought to have done during the first year of the war.

The republican party of the state will stand by its platform, let the democratic howl continue until Rome wakes up. That platform was mild in view of existing conditions at Washington, where politics enter into everything from contracts to commissions in the army.

The cry of disloyalty will stop no republican after the pronouncement of the convention. That cry has been used as a screen for a vast amount of inefficiency and what not. The screen no longer covers.—Gary, Ind., Tribune.

Save food or go on short rations.

Make 12 ounces of bread do where 16 served before.

Production and self-denial are the guns that will get the Huns.

Reduction, production—the 1918 watch words.

Uncle Sam is in a race against Germany for ships and food. Are you with them?

BETULA

Mistake in Last Week's Miner Corrected—Red Cross Ladies Make $300.

Miss Blanche Sommerson is spending a ew days with Miss Johanna Thelia o fCostello.

The entertainment and dinner held at Frog Camp on July 4 was a great success. The Red Cross ladies all worked together and everybody helped. It is probable that the proceeds will be close to $300 when affairs are adjusted.

We would like very much to rectify the great mistake published in last week's MINER in regard to the death of Dan Grattan. He did not run over the bank at all. Also the young man with him was not an Italian. The people who reported this could not have known much of the facts in the case. It is true that Mr. Grattan was in Smethport to see the boys off, but Mr. Tom Scott, an American young man was riding with him. Coming down the hill this side of Crosby, a man from Clermont who runs a big car came sailing down the hill blowing his horn. Mr. Grattan tried to turn out but the other car ran into him, sending him out on the upper side of the road. Mr. Gratton's car ran up the bank and upset twice. Mr. Scott was injured, but not seriously. He carried Mr. Grattan to a nearby house, and Dr. Chadwick and Dr. Cummings attended him, but their efforts to save his life were in vain. A young boy who saw the accident says the other man never stopped. Another mistake in the MINER was that Mr. Grattan had lived in Betula 20 years. Betula has only been a town for about six years and Mr. Grattan did not come here for more than a year after the town started. Mr. Scott may possss a charmed life but does not give the people who gave the MINER these false reports any credit for it.

PERSONAL MENTION

M. M. Pomeroy was a Buffalo visitor yesterday.

M. A. Colvin of Terra Alta, W. Va. has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Rice for a week.

Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Brasted and Miss Zela Brasted visited Warren Tuesday.

Mrs. Henry Eberts of Shinglehouse Pa., is visiting her mother, Mrs. Alice Lyle and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Cort. Corwin spent July 4 with Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Raymond at Mt. Jewett.

Miss Edith Ottoson was a guest at the home of Mrs. Anna Melander of Mt. Jewett this week.

Miss Dorothy Apple left on July 1, for State College to attend the summer term for teachers.

Miss Vera Blackwell of Detroit, Mich is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Rice and family.

Mr. and Mrs. John Henell and Carl Carlson of Kane spent the 4th with Mr. and Mrs. Clinton Irons and family.

Dr. W. A. Ostrander left Monday for Camp Dix, Wrightstown, N. J., after spending a weeks' furlough with his family in this place.

Mr. and Mrs. George Denning and Mr. and Mrs. Francis Quirk left Monday for Toledo, Ohio, for a short visit the trip was made by automobile.

Miss Grace Olmstead, who has been attending St. Mary's school, New Jersey, is spending her summer vacation with her grandparents, Dr. and Mrs. H. L. McCoy.

GRASS is growing! As probably you can swear to after your back-breaking Saturday afternoon with the old Lawn Mower.

Get a new one—and a new grass hook and shears. A fresh deal all around!

And your other garden tools—spade, fork, rake, hoe, cultivator, whetstone.

That's our seasonable specialty—fitting folks out to make the garden work *easy*.

Do you shoot? We make a year 'round feature of Arms and Ammunition. Just now its Shotguns and Shot Shells for trapshooting. Business is brisk, thank you—partly because we keep it all the time, and partly because we make a leader of REMINGTON-UMC.

REMINGTON UMC

CHAS. W. MASSER,
SMETHPORT, PA.

M. S. GEARY
REAL ESTATE AGENCY
OFFERS FOR SALE

Fine 7 room house on Green Street, bath, cellar, basement, barn, garden, hot and cold water, lath and plastered, part cash balance on time, ... $2000.00

6 room house on Water Street, City water and gas, cement walks, good garden plot, large lot, a bargain, ... $700.00

Good 6 room house and large lots on Water Street, well finished, a bargain at the price asked, part cash, part on time, ... $1800.00

8 room house and one acre land on Willow Street. $2000.00

Commercial Hotel property Corner of Main and Franklin Streets, can be bought with small payment down, long time payments on the balance, ... $2000.00

2 teams good work horses, with wagons and harnesses, ... $700.00

One new Weber wagon, slightly used $110.00

30 Acres second growth timber near Rixford. $600.00

We have several good farms for sale, also several building lots and other town properties, all of which can be seen if you are interested in any of them. Why pay rent when you can buy a home on easy payments. If you have anything to sell list it with us we will find the buyer, Costs you nothing to list your property, our motto is, No sale No pay.

OFFICE IMPERIAL HOTEL. Both phones.

Smethport —:— —:— Pennsylvania

HIGH-GRADE LUMBER

AND PLENTY OF IT

is awaiting the disposal of all who are building or intending to build, at our yards. Come and look over our stock and convince yourself that we have just the stuff you need—and that we can supply promptly, every kind of hard and soft wood needed to erect any style of building from cellar to roof.

HOLMES & GILFILLAN
Smethport.

EVERY DAY IS THRIFT DAY

To those who trade here. Get the best line of "substitutes" that are on the market to-day as well as the very choicest grades of staple groceries.

at

THE COLEGROVE GROCERY

The Store with many years' reputation for fair and square dealing.

FARMERS AND GARDENERS.
You can get
FORMALINE
for
SEED OATS AND POTATOES.
at

H. C. WELLS
SMETHPORT, PA.

THE POT IS STILL BOILING.

Here are a few specials left for the wise buyer. Saturday the last day of this sale, when prices are such that it is almost impossible to make any cut whatever. ....

COATS, HALF PRICE.

SUITS 2-3 OFF.

ODD CURTAINS ½ PRICE.

RAIN COATS, ½ PRICE.

ONE LOT PUMPS

3 to 4½ one or two prs of 5 and 6 for $1.98

1 LOT DRESS GOODS ½ PRICE.

1 LOT WAISTS ½ PRICE.
Winter Underwear at last years prices

A Saving of 25off to 50 off for you.

1 LOT WOOL and SILK DRESSES ½ Price

1 LOT MAHOGANY BASKETS ½ PRICE.

1 LOT ART GOODS ½ PRICE.

1 LOT COLLARS ½ PRICE.

Masser Brothers Co.
THE DEPENDABLE STORE PHONE 149

HAMMOCKS

At Reduced Prices

CHOICE COLORINGS. HAVE VALANCE AND TUFTED PILLOWS.

$2.00 Value	$1.59
$2.75 value	$2.10
$3.00 Value	$2.25
$4.50 Value	$3.59
$5.50 Value	$4.49

HAVE A FEW WITHOUT PILLOWS
WILL CLOSE OUT AT
$1.00 EACH.

GARLICK'S

"THE CORNER HARDWARE"

The McKean County Miner

Entered at the Postoffice at Smethport, Pa., as second class mail matter.

Smethport, Pa., July 11, 1918.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Chas W. Masser's Hardware has a new ad today.

—Mr. and Mrs. Howard Brownell are now pleasantly located in Brooklyn, N. Y., wher Mr. Brownell recently accepted an important position.

—Clyde Whipple had a hearing before Alderman Williams yesterday on a charge of assault and battery preferred by his wife. He was taken to the Smethport jail today by Constable Cline.—Bradford Star.

—The Bradford Methodist church recently unfurled a service flag containing 47 stars for its members in war activities.

—Last Friday at her home on King street, Mrs. Frank Potter entertained a party of young ladies at a one o'clock luncheon in honor of Miss Marion Gallup.

—The MINER would like to secure good correspondents at Clermont and Colegrove. Anyone willing to take up this work is urged to communicate with this office.

—Two-thirds of the women voters so far enrolled in Cattaraugus county, N Y., have affiliated with the Republican party. More have affiliated with the Prohibition party than with th Democratic.

—Guy McCoy, secretary of McKean county Public Safety committee and Henry J. Rice, county chairman of the Food Supply committee, were called to Philadelphia Tuesday night to meet with the State authorities.

—A. J. Axburg of Clermont, a loyal friend of the MINER, made us a pleasant call yesterday. Mr. Axburg likes the paper and is not afraid to say so. His words of commendation are most thoroughly appreciated. It was encouraging to har them and we hope he calls again.

—From the St. Marys Gazette it is learned that the people of St Marys were shocked and a pall of gloom was cast over the community last Thursday afternoon when it was announced that Andrew Kaul, Jr., of Merrill, Wisconsin, son of Mrs. Walburga Kaul of that city, had passed away at St. Luke's hospital, Chicago, where he had been a patient for only a few days having been operated upon for appendicitis. His father, the late Andrew Kaul, was one of the most prominent men in Elk county.

—A party consisting of H. L. Zimmerman, F. A. Herrick and V. J. Daley of Bolivar and Charles Hodges of Annin Creek, Pa., were on a trout fishing trip to Parker Run, McKean county, Pa., Saturday, where Messrs. Herrick and Hodges killd a rattle snake that measured 49 inches in length and had ten rattles. The reptile was slain along the bank of the stream and then brought to Bolivar, where it was exhibited by Mr. Daley. Mr. Zimmerman, driven from the stream by a heavy rain storm, upon seeing the rattler, said: "I know damn well I am through fishing here." Bolivar Breeze.

—The picture "The Remaking of a Nation" shown at the Star Theatre on Monday afternoon and evening under the auspices of the Smethport Chapter American Red Cross was a most excellent picture of camp life and delighted all who saw it. There were 623 paid admissions and, when one considers the fact that the quarantine prevented any under sixteen years of age from attending, this is a remarkable showing for a town the size of Smethport. Incidentally, it was the banner day in the history of the Star Theatre. The local chapter will receive $37.21 is its share of the proceeds.

—Port Allegany schools have dropped the study of the German language and will substitute Spanish. This is a move that shows not only patriotism but common sense. Within a few years the American young man that can speak the Spanish language will have a valuable asset, while the smattering of French he might have learned would be useless to him. The commercial development of South America is sure to follow the ending of the war. With German interests eliminated this country has a great commercial field opened where a knowledge of the Spanish language will be absolutely necessary to workers who wish to take advantage of this big opportunity.

—A report received wide circulation Monday that Albert Cleveland had received a letter from a comrade of his brother, William Cleveland, telling how "Bob" met his death with twenty-five others in a charge over the top on a French battle field. It was a thrilling story, but upon communicating with the family at Crosby the MINER learns there is not a word of truth in the report. Beyond the notification from the government that William Robert Cleveland was killed in action June 11, no member of the Cleveland family has received any additional particulars. There are surely some lively imaginations scattered around Smethport that might be turned with profit into the battle field of fiction.

—Rev. W. P. Wheeler of the Baptist church is contemplating leaving Smethport in the near future, or as soon as a pastor can be secured to take over the church here. Rev. Mr. Wheeler has recently had several offers of important places in his church work, but in a conversation recently said that he had been offered a position in Pittsburgh at government work which he was inclined to accept. The salary offered is a comfortable one, and if the clergyman accepts the place, he also intends to give his service gratis to a small church in the suburbs of Pittsburgh that is in need of a pastor. Rev. Mr. Wheeler is a most genial gentleman and Smethport will dislike to lose him and his estimable family.

Straw Hats.

PANAMAS,
SPLITS,
SENNETS, AND
SOFT STRAW.

REASONABLE PRICES
Considering everything.

Help the Red Cross

H. W. RUBIN & SON
The Reliable Clothiers
Smethport, - - - - - Pa.

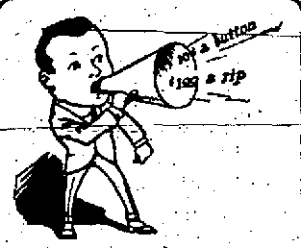
—Mrs. Studholme has received official notice that her husband, E. A. Studholme has landed safely in France. Mr. Studholme is president of the Grange National Bank and volunteered his service for the Y. M. C. A. work.

—Attorney C. W. Catlin of Port Allegheny was transacting business in town yesterday. While we did not hear him talking politics it is assumed that he is as confident as all other Republicans in the county that he will be elected one of the Members of Assembly next November. And although he is serving his country at present in the gloriously humble position of a private, Hon. J. A. Fitzgibbon of Bradford will be the other member chosen.

—All war's heroes do not fall in No Man's Land, nor die in trenches stoutly defended against enemy attacks. Some who have never set foot upon battlefield and never worn uniform pass on into the silent temple of eternal fame. Among these are those brave souls who every day toil in powder mills and munition factories. We don't stand by and cheer them as they go to their most essential war work. There is no martial music to quicken their steps and no medals of honor for them. But danger is ever present and death lurks near them—Olean Times.

—Through an oversight last week the fortieth anniversary edition of the McKean Democrat was not mentioned. It was a most commendable issue, containing much interesting reading matter of a local historical nature as well as photographs of many of the prominent residents of the county. The publishers of the edition are to be congratulated on their enterprising effort.

—For a time last week it was impossible to purchase sugar for canning purposes in McKean county. This was due to the change in certificates and until new ones could be printed no sugar could be sold. The MINER printed new certificates within a short time after receiving the copy and the demand for them was brisk. In this connection the MINER would like to state that these certificates are sold to dealers at just about the cost of printing. Recognizing what sugar dealers have to contend with this office does not aim to add to their troubles by profiteering on certificates. The sugar pledge blanks whereby a purchaser may procure a week's supply of sugar for a family are also kept in stock and sold at the bare cost of printing, perhaps a little less than cost.



LISTEN

We are headquarters for the most popular brand of trousers in America—

DUTCHESS TROUSERS

10c A BUTTON; $1.00 A RIP.

For men whose daily tasks demand strong and durable trousers, "Dutchess Trousers" are the ones to buy or we can help you to select a pair to go with last years coat and vest. After wearing a pair of "Dutchess Trousers" you will pat yourself on the back for having practiced real economy.

WM. MONHEIMER'S.
THE HOME OF
ROYAL TAILORING.

July Clearance Sale

July 5-13 Terms Cash

ONLY THREE DAYS MORE.

The big July Clearance Sale of summer goods will close Saturday, July 13th and with it the opportunity to buy seasonable new merchandise at a fraction of their value.

BUY WHILE YOU CAN BUY AT SALE PRICES.

It is a Big Saving for you. Space only permits a partial list, but there is many bargains waiting you throughout the entire store.

COATS.

Only six coats left and again we have cut the price and marked them for a quick disposal.

$12,75 Plaid Coat size 16, Sale price....$ 6.38
$17.50 Green Wool Tricoton size 17 ... $10.75
$21.50 Mahogany Wool Tricoton size 18 $13.75
$21.50 Black Wool Poplin size 44 .... $14.75
$26.50 Black Taffeta size 38 ..... $15.75

Wool skirts reduced 20 per cent.
White Wash Skirts reduced 20 per cent.

35c Chamois Cloth (long cloth) 29c
5c Coats thread ..... 4c.
30c Fleisher Shetland Floss 25c
$5.00 Silk Shirts $4.29
50c black Holeproof Hose ..... 35c.
35c Tan Holeproof hose ..... 23c.
35c Womens' white Vest size 36 ..... 25c.
Mens' B. V. D. and Porosknit shirts and drawers ..... 39c.

MUSLIN WEAR.— Combination suits, corset covers and drawers—Corset covers and skirts and Princess slips. Regular value 55c to $2.25. Sale price .....39c to $1.59.

THE FRY COMPANY
Smethport, Pa.

WHERE SAFETY IS IMPORTANT.

SAFETY is very important where resources are limited. That is why every person whose income is moderate should have the protection of Bank Safety. In point of Management and Resources, this Bank gives every assurance of security for money and our officers take a personal interest in each account. A family account should be opened at this Bank where all income may be deposited for safe keeping. Payments may then be made for purchases and expenses by check. This plan enables the householder to keep all money under bank protection.

Best Known Bank in This County With Strong Directorate and Ample Resources.

Personal and Business Checking Accounts.

Hamlin Bank and Trust Company

3 per cent. Paid on Your Savings.

SMETHPORT, PA.

Try our Store for Full Line of Housecleaning Novelties.

Our Liquid veneer makes your old furniture shine like new. This week only 25c a Bottle.

Leave your order for pineapples and strawberries to can. Our prices can't be beat.

TOMATO PLANTS, GERANIUMS, FORGET-ME-NOTS, AND OTHER PLANTS, AT BEST PRICES.

John A. Lindholm

Telephone 16-M.

CASH GROCER. SMETHPORT, PA.

—The special military training course at State College, of which extensive mention has been made in this paper, opens on July 22. The plan has the heaarty approval of federal authorities, and is of especial value to all draftees. Persons interested can obtain full information by applying to Geo. W. Mitchell or Henry J. Rice of Smethport.

—The Fourth of July passed off quietly in this borough; as a matter of fact the quietness was almost painful. Perhaps there was good reason the rigid taboo on fireworks and perhaps not. At any rate it was decidedly rough on the children to deprive them of the comparatively harmless firecrackers and sparklers.

FURNITURE

We respectfully call your attention to the fact that all our Furniture is worth your notice. You will get good, honest Furniture, the kind that is up to date and well made.

H. H SASSE Furniture, and Wall Paper Undertaking in All Its Branches

SUMMER SHOES FOR ALL.

This store can fit the whole family for all occasions in the line of footwear. Work or play, dress or for everyday wear we have the proper shoe for men, women and children.

Let us show you.

WE DO REPAIRING.

Anderson & Carlson THE SHOE MEN

IF YOU BUY OUT OF TOWN AND I BUY OUT OF TOWN, WHAT WILL BECOME OF OUR TOWN?

THE DOLLAR YOU SPEND IN SMETHPORT WILL "COME HOME TO BOOST."

THE McKEAN COUNTY MINER

BUY AT HOME CAMPAIGN

Read the article with care. They may present something you hadn't thought of before. Patronize the people whose cards are here. They are your neighbors and will treat you right. The money you spend with them stays in circulation in Smethport.

Just Draw Your Automobile in

We will do the rest, we can repair any make of car and we can fix you out with all kinds of accessories. Firestone Tires etc. Our Garage is always open for business. Boost for Home Trade we do. Smethport Garage Co.

THE FRY COMPANY.

New "Faultless" Brand Blouses this week—White and Colored Voiles. Organdies—Crepe de Chines, Georgette. Satins and Taffetas. Sizes 36 to 47. Prices $1.00 to $6.50.

THE FRY COMPANY.

One by One of All Classes.

Are discovering that our cleaning and pressing service represents completeness all our work is thoroughly done. We also handle a full line of Wear-You-Well Shoes, try them and you will be pleased. James T. Chisholm.

LOOK AT LINDHOLM'S PRICES.

Rolled Oats ..... 8c lb.
Tomatoes, ... 9c can.
Shredded Wheat, ... 13c box.
Coffee ..... 21c lb.

We Use No Chemicals,

Or injurious acids in our Laundry pure soap and water does the business. We call and deliver to any part of the town. Boosters for Home Trade.

Smethport Steam Laundry

We Want Every One in this Vicinity

To know we will not be undersold in Boots and Shoes all our stock is standard goods, and, we believe in small profits, and quick sales. See us first.

Repairing done while you wait.

Anderson & Carlson

We Always Carry a full Line.

Of all kinds of fancy and staple groceries that will always be handled at a fair price. We don't believe in getting rich quick. We are ready to live and let live. Get our prices first. It will pay. W. W. Hewitt, Grocer.

Pure Drugs are Essential to

Health. Be sure they are pure. See us for all kinds of drugs. We carry full line of sundries, toilet articles, bathroom and sick room supplies. We are boosters for Home Trading. See us first. H. C. Wells, Druggist.

See Us and See Better.

Have you ever been examined by an authorized graduate of Optometrist. Now you are not taking any chances to come in and talk it over. Large line of Jewelry. Engstroms Jewelry and Optometrist.

LOYALTY BASIS OF ALL CIVILIZATION

Every Citizen Owes Moral and Legal Obligation to His Government.

SAME IN COMMUNITY LIFE

People Have Duty to Their Home Town Which Is No Less Binding Because It Is Not Fixed by Law.

(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

Loyalty is the foundation upon which the whole structure of civilization rests. Loyalty to one's country, loyalty to one's state, loyalty to one's city, loyalty to one's business associates, loyalty to one's friends! Loyalty is essential to the ordinary progress of the world. Without it the world must be chaos.

There would be no stable government in the world were it not for the loyalty of the people to their government. There would be no successful business enterprise on the face of the globe were it not for the loyalty of the men and women who are connected with it. No church could exist for a month were it not for the loyalty of its members. The sacredness of the home would be a myth were it not for the loyalty of the members of the family group.

The loyalty of a people to its government is based partly upon sentiment and partly upon the recognition of an obligation that a people owes to its government. A people that has the benefit of good government owes a duty to that government. Those who do not recognize this duty and perform it voluntarily are compelled by law to do so. The man or woman who is protected by the government in the pursuit of life and happiness, must contribute in money and service toward the support of the government. The man or woman who, under the protection of his government which preserves law and order, is able to accumulate property, must pay taxes on that property to help maintain the government which has protected him or her. In time of war the government has the right to call upon its citizens to take up arms in its defense.

Loyalty Moral Obligation.

In governmental affairs these things are regulated by law, and the man who receives the benefit of orderly government is required to fulfill the obligation which that entails, but in the ordinary affairs of life, loyalty is a matter of conscience. Every man owes a moral obligation to his home town. He owes it to the town to think of its welfare and to do his part toward its upbuilding. He owes it to the town to think of your business ability or your common sense if you walked into a store at home and said: "I saw a picture in the paper today of a suit which I liked very much. Please wrap up one for me. Here's the money." The merchant would think that you were crazy, but that is exactly what you do every time you send an order to a mail order house. You buy "sight unseen" and you haven't a ghost of a chance of getting your money back if the article is unsatisfactory when it reaches you.

How different is the proceeding when you go into the store in your own home town to buy a suit of clothes, or a stove or a yard of ribbon. You may have seen a picture of it in the merchant's advertisement in the home paper and you know that, as the merchant is reliable, you can count on the goods being as he represents them in his advertisement. But does he ask you to take his word for everything? Does he hide the article behind the counter and tell you that you can't even see it until you buy it and pay over the money for it? Hardly. If the article is not already in plain sight on the counter, the merchant produces it for your inspection. If it does not exactly suit you, he has others that are a little different and that he is glad to have you inspect.

Get Merchant's Guarantee.

Then, if it is a suit of clothes you are buying, or a piece of dress goods or a pair of socks, you may ask if the merchant will guarantee that it will wear as long as an article of that kind could be expected to wear and he will tell you either that he will guarantee it or that he will not. If he tells you that he will guarantee it you will know that you will get your money back or another suit or another pair of socks in its place if it doesn't wear like it should, for the merchant, besides being an honest man in most cases, cannot afford not to make his word good. He is dependent upon your business and that of others in his own community and he cannot afford to misrepresent his goods.

After having all this opportunity to see what you are buying, you take your suit or your stove or whatever it is you buy home or it is sent home for you without any delivery charges, and after you get home and take another look at it and decide you don't want it after all, you send it back.

You are not buying something "sight unseen" when you buy from your home merchant. You don't look at a picture of an article in a newspaper, read a short description of it, go to the post office and buy a money order and send it to the merchant with the instructions, "Send me a suit of clothes"—or a stove or whatever it may be—"and I'll pay your delivery man 50 cents for delivering it to me."

There's a world of difference in the two methods of doing business and its not hard to figure out which is the best for the man who is doing the buying.

THE BISETT SHOP

Is Headquarters in Smethport for Ladies and Children wear. Up-to-date millinery, fancy work and if it is nice dainty line of goods we have it on hand The Bisett Shop.

SUMMER MILLINERY.

Before buying your next hat look over our up-to-date line of White Milans Panamas and Leghorns.

MRS. CLAIR WHITE.

A Word to Farmers in This Section.

Get our prices first on your grain of all kinds. I pay highest market price and handle flour, Feed of all kinds. Let's deal together. F. A. Green.

BARGAINS.

Fine Sweet Pickles 15c
Sour and Dill Pickles 18c
Brooms worth 80c now 64c
Brooms worth 90c now 75c
Zittel's Fine Chocolates 50c

BROWNELL'S GROCERY.

Never Send Out of Town

For groceries until you get our prices. We can compete with anyone, anywhere. Make us prove it. Boost for Home Trade—it will pay. The Colegrove Grocery.

Housewives of Smethport.

Just simply insist on having your bread orders come from Home Bakers. Don't use any outside baked goods. It hurts the town. Try our products. You will like them better. J. W. Pickersgill —Bakery.

Get Our Prices First On

All kinds of Hardware, Paints, Oils, Chinamel, Guns, Ammunition and all kinds of Sporting Goods. You will find our prices and treatment right. Boost for Smethport and home trade. Bernard T. Garlick.

SHOES FOR ALL.

Ladies. Misses. Children.

Masser Brothers Co.

All Funiture Looks Alike in a Photo. Never buy furniture from a picture. Get our prices and terms on your furniture we stand back of every thing we sell. Our prices will make you a home buyer. H. H. Sasse.

Never Send Away for Hardware

You will find our large assortment of Hardware, tools and farm implements of all kinds can be bought at Prices that will beat any catalogue House, we are boosters for Home Trade buy at home it will pay us all. Chas. W. Masser.

FARM STOCK

SELLING BREEDERS FOR MEAT

Officials of Department of Agriculture Declare Situation Threatens to Be Serious.

Breeding stocks of hogs are being depleted by the selling off of breeding animals for meat, the prices offered for pork on the hoof and the high cost of feed leading many growers to take this step. Officials of the United States department of agriculture declare that the situation is already critical and threatens to become very serious if the country continues to be drained of its meats. Hogs furnish meat more quickly and cheaply than other stock can; the meat shortage, therefore, can most readily be met by swine production.

Boar of Good Type.

COST OF MAINTAINING HERD

Serious Problem Confronting Cattle Producer, Says Doctor McCampbell of Kansas College.

A serious problem that confronts the cattle producer is the cost of maintaining a breeding herd, according to Dr. C. W. McCampbell, associate professor of animal husbandry in the Kansas State Agricultural college.

With the judicious use of straw, silage and cottonseed meal the problem becomes less perplexing. In periods of normal prices, cows at the Kansas Agricultural Experiment station that were receiving silage and cotton seed with other roughages such as straw, and kafir butts, were maintained during the winter months at a cost slightly less than four cents a day and were in thrifty condition when turned to pasture in the spring. Maintaining a cow herd when properly managed is profitable.

HOG IS GOOD CORN HUSKER

Animals Make More Gain From Corn When They Gather It Themselves—Labor Is Saved.

The pigs are good corn huskers and they will pay for being so too. Experiments have shown that pigs make more pounds of gain from corn when they gather it themselves than when it is husked and fed to them. It takes at least one day for a man and team to husk an acre of corn, so that every acre that the pigs take care of saves that much labor. Sqauw corn is very satisfactory for hogging down in North Dakota. It ripens early, so the pigs can start on it sooner than any other variety. An acre of corn that will yield 30 bushels will be sufficient for feeding six spring pigs two months.—Extension Department, North Dakota Agricultural College.

AMPLE EXERCISE FOR SWINE

Fattening Hog Should Be Limited to Run of Half an Acre to Keep Appetite Sharp.

Fattening hogs make the greatest gains when they have just enough exercise to keep their appetite sharp. A fattening hog should be limited to a run of half an acre, and 25 fattening hogs kept on this area will do better than a great number. The pigs should be sorted to lots of even size and age, and no matter how many are being fattened, not over 25 should be allowed to run together. Brood sows should not be kept with the fattening hogs. The feeding should be done at regular hours, two or three times a day—three times is the better—and give only just what they will eat up clean.

FEEDS FOR WINTERING EWES

Sheep Will Thrive on Less Grain Than Is Needed for Any Other Class of Live Stock.

Sheep can be successfully wintered with a smaller use of grain than is needed for other live stock. If in good condition at the beginning of winter and given the right kind of hay they can be carried through the winter without grain unless the lambs are to be dropped before going to pasture. All depends upon the kind of hay or other roughage used.

POETS GET INTO FRONT RANK

Some Soldiers Develop as Writers of Verse While Knights of Quill Also Become Warriors.

The literature of the war proves that some soldiers are made into poets, and we know also, of course, that some poets have been made into soldiers. Mobilization and conscription take little account of persons and no account at all of professions. There is one great poet of history, however, and one great painter, too, who were denied entrance into the ranks of the army—Poe and Whistler.

The story of why Whistler did not become a soldier is well known, but it may bear repetition. Like Poe, he was a cadet at West Point, and like Poe, he was discharged from that institution long before the completion of the course. Whistler was found deficient in chemistry, and when he was asked why he did not graduate and become a soldier he answered: "If silicon were a gas, I would be a soldier."

Argentina Cattle.

The Argentina cattle industry is capable of much expansion in time of war stimulation. In the northern end of the pampas are boundless fields of grass where the cattle feed the year round. Sweet water there is in abundance, and windmills dotted over the plains keep the animals plentifully supplied. There are no better beef cattle in the world than those from Argentina, the breed being the excellent result of mixing fine Spanish blooded strains with the hardy native stock. Breeding very easily could raise the total of production materially.

Former Czar's Abode.

No two papers seem to agree on the subject of the former czar's new place of abode, says an exchange. A favorable account speaks of Tobolsk as the "Boston of Russia," the "home of the arts," a picturesque old town, and a favorite winter resort in western Siberia. Its refinement and culture are attributed to the large number of Swedish officers who were interned there after Peter the Great's victory at Poltava. The town never lost the influence of their advanced civilization.

Marries Her Step-Son.

The strangest attempt yet discovered to evade the draft was revealed in New York the other day, when a man charged his wife with bigamy, naming his son by a former marriage as the woman's second and living husband. At the trial it was found that the woman had married her step-son in order to enable him to escape the draft.

KNITTING BAG HELD SECRET

French Bulldog Leered From Folds of Satin Lining, Much to Surprise of Spectator.

She was a very pretty young woman, extremely well dressed. Her tailored suit was perfection, her boots and gloves immaculate, and her hat, correctly tilted, had the smart lines that women envy.

As though all this wasn't enough, she carried the most adorable knitting bag, says the Kansas City Star. It was made of some wonderful velvety brocaded stuff and the huge flowers of crocheted yarn somehow looked more stunning than those on other handsome bags.

With it all the face that peeped out from under the hat was so demure and serious that you knew the knitting she carried was not a sweater of orange or turquoise, but something made of sober gray yarn, for a boy "somewhere in France."

When the elevator stopped to let her in it gave the woman nearest her a chance to more closely examine the lovely bag, and she did not wait for opportunity to knock the second time. She suddenly cried out, for just as the girl stepped in the ridiculous face of a French bulldog leered from the soft folds of the satin lining.

Cents and Cigarettes.

The tobacco trade finds no difficulty in using cents in making prices. Cigarettes are priced as closely as anything sold in any department store. Perhaps the reason is that smokers do not have to have "smokes" and that the trade would shrivel if prices were not kept attractive.—Exchange.

New Life Preserver.

A new life preserver, invented by a Dane, consists of cylinders filled with oil, which serve as a brake. The life preserver is designed to save people from burning buildings, being so contrived that they may be dropped to the ground without injury.

CHOICE CANDY AND BAKED GOODS AT

BRASTED'S Bakery

Having bought the GROCERY BUSINESS of George M. Morrison.

I intend to keep a full line of staple and fancy Groceries.

Come in and let us tell you how to save 60 per cent on your grocery bill.

WALTER C. DALY

Phone 9-2-J

SMETHPORT, PA.

JEWELRY

WATCHES,
DIAMONDS,
CLOCKS,
LA VALLIERE
RINGS,
CUFF LINKS,
BRACELETS,
SILVERWARE
IVORY

Are only a few of the many articles we can offer you.

Engstrom's Jewelry

Smethport, Pa.

NEGLECT

of the Storage Battery in your car is the cause of most of your trouble with ignition, lighting and starting. A little care; a frequent inspection; will save you money and annoyance. We will be glad to give you this inspection and service.

PREST-O-LITE BATTERIES

are a lively, healthy source of power. When you elect a new battery for your car the Prest-O-Lite Battery will insure superior service and satisfaction.

Sold by

Smethport Garage Co.

Smethport, Pa.

SPRING MIILINERY.

Here you will find the season's dainty fancies, the pick of the choice creations in the fashion markets of the country. Come in see them, try them on. Your style is here. Come and get it. CARRIE CLARK. 16tf

If We Don't Have What You Want WE CAN GET IT FOR YOU!

A Complete Line of REXALL RUBBER GOODS The Guaranteed Kind.

ALL STANDARD PROPRIETARY MEDICINES.

MARTHA WASHINGTON CANDIES, Fresh Every Week.

NATIONAL CIGAR STAND.

Hogarth's Pharmacy

(THE REXALL STORE)

PHONE 52J.

Magazine Agency

—Subscribe through—

Mrs. H. L. Backus

Smethport, Pa.

"OUTWITTING THE HUN"

By

LIEUTENANT PAT O'BRIEN

Copyright, 1918, by Pat Alva O'Brien

That night the stars came out; I located *my friend*, the North Star, and tried to make up for lost time. But when one is making only seven or eight miles a day, or rather a night, one night lost means a whole lot, especially when each day keeps him from freedom. Such ill fortune and discouragements as this were harder to endure, I believe, than the actual hunger, and the accompanying worry naturally reduced my weight. At times I was furiously angry with myself for the mistakes I made and the foolish things I did, but I always tried to see something funny about the situation, whatever it might be, that relieved the strain of habit and helped to pass the time away. I think if a man is overburdened with a sense of humor and wants to get rid of it, this trip I took would be an excellent remedy for it. Right at this time I would have welcomed anything for a companion. I believe even a snake would have been a Godsend to me.

With a name as Irish as mine, it is only natural that I looked for goats along the way, thinking that I might be able to milk them. There are very few cows in this country, and the opportunities for milking them fewer than the cows themselves because they are housed in barns adjoining the homes and always nightly watched by their fortunate owners. I did hope that I might find a goat staked out some place in the fields, but in all my travels I never saw a goat or a pig, and only a few cows. Several times I searched nests for eggs, but somebody always had beaten me to it, as I never even found so much as a nest egg.

There was no chance of getting away with any "fluffying" stuff in Luxemburg. I knew, because the young men have not been forced into the army and are still at home, and as they are decidedly pro-German, it would have been pretty hard for me to demand anything in that part of the country. It was not like taking things away from old men and women or robbing people that could not stop me if they chose to do so. I thought at this time that I was suffering about the worst hardships any human being could ever be called upon to endure, but I was later to find that the best of my journey was made along about this time. There were plenty of vegetables, even though they were raw, and these were much better than the things I was afterwards compelled to eat or go without.

We frequently hear of men who have lived for a certain number of days on their own resources in the woods just on a bet or to prove that the "back-to-nature" theory still has the merits and will still work. My advice to some of those nature seekers is that if in the future they wish to make a real good record, try the little countries of Luxembourg and Belgium with a slice of Germany thrown in.

I suppose that during this experience of mine I made many mistakes and traveled many unnecessary miles which one with a knowledge of woodmanship might have avoided and I failed to take advantage of many things which would have been quite apparent to one who knew. It must not be forgotten, however, that I did not undertake this adventure voluntarily. It was "wished on me." I simply had to make the most of the knowledge I had.

At about this time blisters began to appear on my legs and my knees swelled. In addition I was pretty well convinced that I had lost the sight of my left eye. I hadn't seen a thing out of it since my leap from the train.

When I imagine the villainous appearance I must have presented at this time—my unhealed wounds, eighteen days' growth of beard and general haggard and unkept visage—I think the fear I felt about meeting strangers was perhaps unwarranted. The chances are they would have been infinitely more scared than I!

As it was, I was nearly out of Luxemburg before I came face to face with anyone. It was about 6 o'clock in the morning and I was traveling along a regular path. Just as I was approaching a cross-path, I heard footsteps coming down it. I stopped short, stooped over and pretended to be adjusting my shoelace, figuring that if the stranger turned into my path he would probably pass right by me. As luck would have it, he continued on his way and never noticed me at all.

After that I frequently noticed groups of Luxemburg peasants in the distance but I usually saw them first and managed to avoid them.

On the eighteenth day after my leap from the train I crossed into Belgium. It had taken me just nine days to get through Luxemburg—a distance which a man could ordinarily cover in two, but considering the handicaps under which I labored I was very well satisfied with my progress.

CHAPTER IX.

I Enter Belgium.

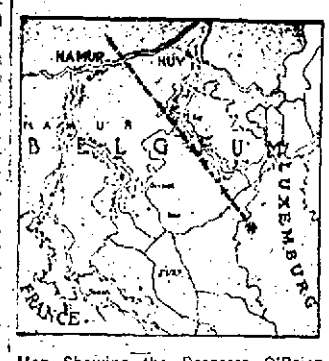
I have said it was about the eighteenth day after my escape that I entered Belgium, but that is more or less guess work. I was possibly well into that country before I realized that I had crossed the line.

About the third day after I figured I was in Belgium I started to swim a canal just before daylight. I was then heading due north in the direction of the German lines. I was just about the wade into the canal when I heard a German yelling violently, and for the first time I knew I was being followed.

I ran up the bank of the canal quite a distance and then swam to the opposite side, as I reasoned they would not be looking for me there. I found a sheltered clump of bushes that were in a swamp near the canal and in the driest part that I could find I crawled in and made myself as comfortable as possible. The sun came up soon and kept me warm, and I planned to camp right there, food or no food, until the Hun got tired of searching for me. I think I heard them once or twice that day, and my heart nearly stopped on each occasion, but evidently they decided to look in some other direction and I was not further molested.

At the same time I figured that it was absolutely necessary for me to change my course, even at the expense of going somewhat out of my way. I decided to go due west and I kept in that direction for four days.

As I was in a very weak condition, I did not cover more than five miles a night. I kept away from the roads and did all my journeying through



Map Showing the Progress O'Brien Made in Passing Out of Luxembourg Into Belgium. The Heavy Dotted Line Shows the Course of That Part of His Journey Toward Holland.

fields, beet patches, woods, swamps—anywhere provided I was not likely to be seen and captured. Food was an important consideration to me, but it was secondary to concealment.

At last I brought up at the Meuse river at a place between Namur and Huy, and it was here that I came nearest of all to giving up the struggle.

The Meuse at this point is about half a mile wide—as wide as the Hudson River at West Point. Had I been in normal condition I wouldn't have hesitated a moment to swim across. San Diego bay, California, is a mile and a half wide, and I had often swam across and back, and the San Joaquin, which is also a mile and a half wide, had never proven an obstacle to me.

In the wretched shape in which I then was, however, the Meuse looked like the Atlantic ocean to me. I looked for a boat, but could find none. I tried to get a piece of wood upon which I hoped to ferry across, but I was equally unsuccessful.

Get across I must, and I decided there was nothing to do but to swim.

It was then about 3 o'clock in the morning. I waded in and was soon in beyond my depth and had to swim. After about an hour of it I was very much exhausted, and I doubted whether I could make the opposite bank, although it was not more than thirty or forty feet away. I choked and gasped, and my arms and legs were completely fagged out. I sank a little and tried to touch bottom with my feet, but the water was still beyond my depth.

There are times when everyone will pray, and I was no exception. I prayed for strength to make those few wicked yards, and then, with all the will power I could summon, struck out for dear life. It seemed a lifetime before I finally felt the welcome mud of bottom and was able to drag myself up to the bank, but I got there. The bank was rather high and I was shaking so violently that when I took hold of the grass to pull myself up, the grass shook out of my hands. I could not retain my grip. I was afraid I would faint then and there, but I kept pulling and crawling frantically up that infernal bank and finally made it.

Then for the first time in my life I fainted—fainted from utter exhaustion.

It was now about 4 o'clock in the morning and I was entirely unprotected from observation. If anyone had come along I would have been found lying there dead to the world.

Possibly two hours passed before I regained consciousness, and then, no doubt, only because the rain was beating in my face.

I knew that I had to get away, as it was broad daylight. Moreover, there was a tow-path right there and any minute a boat might come along and find me. But it was equally dangerous for me to attempt to travel very far. Fortunately I found some shrubbery near by and I hid there all day, without food or drink.

That night I made a little headway, but when day broke I had a dreadful fever and was delirious. I talked to myself and thereby increased my chances of capture. In my lucid intervals when I realized that I had been talking, the thought sent a chill through me, because in the silent night even the slightest sound carries far across the Belgian country. I began to fear that another day of this would about finish me.

I have a distinct recollection of a ridiculous conversation I carried on with an imaginary Pat O'Brien—a sort of duplicate of myself. I argued with him as I marched drearily along and he answered me back in kind, and when we disagreed, I called upon my one constant friend, the North Star, to stand by me.

"There you are, you old North Star," I cried aloud. "You want me to get to Holland, don't you? But this Pat O'Brien—this Pat O'Brein who calls himself a soldier—he's got a yellow streak—North Star—and he says it can't be done! He wants me to quit—to lie down here for the Huns to find me and take me back to Courtrai—after all you've done, North Star! I don't want to follow him—I just want to follow you—because you—you are taking me away from the Huns and this Pat O'Brien—this fellow who keeps after me all the time and leans on my neck and wants me to lie down—this yellow Pat O'Brein wants me to go back to the Huns!"

After a spell of foolish chatter like that my senses would come back to me for a while and I would trudge along without a word until the fever came on me again.

I knew that I had to have food because I was about on my last legs. I was very much tempted to lie down then and there and call it a beat. Things seemed to be getting worse for

"I Kept Pulling and Crawling Up That Infernal Bank.

me the farther I went, and all the time I had before me the spectre of that electric barrier between Belgium and Holland, even if I ever reached there alive. What was the use of further suffering when I would probably be captured in the end anyway?

Before giving up, however, I decided upon one bold move. I would approach one of the houses in the vicinity and get food there or die in the effort.

I picked out a small house because I figured there would be less likelihood of soldiers being billeted there.

Then I wrapped a stone in my khaki handkerchief as a sort of camouflaged weapon, determined to kill the occupant of the house, German or Belgian, if that step was necessary in order to get food. I tried the well in the yard, but it would not work, and then I went up to the door and knocked.

It was 1 o'clock in the morning. An old lady came to the window and looked out. She could not imagine what I was, probably, because I was still attired in that old overcoat. She gave a cry and her husband and a boy came to the door.

They could not speak English and I could not speak Flemish, but I pointed to my flying coat and then to the sky and said "Flieger" (flier), which I thought would tell them what I was.

Whether they understood or were intimidated by the hard-looking appearance, I don't know, but certainly it would have to be a brave old man and boy who would start an argument with such a villainous looking character as stood before them that night! I had not shaved for a month, my clothes were wet, torn and dirty, my leggings were gone—they had gotten so heavy I had to discard them—my hair was matted and my cheeks were flushed with fever. In my hand I carried the rock in my handkerchief and I made no effort to conceal its presence or its mission.

Anyway, they motioned me indoors, gave me my first hot meal in more than a month! True, it consisted only of warm potatoes. They had been previously cooked, but the old woman warmed them up in milk in one of the dirtiest kettles I had ever seen. I asked for bread, but she shook her head, although I think it must have been for lack of it rather than because she begrudged it to me. For if ever a man showed he was famish I did that night. I swallowed those warm potatoes ravenously and I drank four glasses of water, one after another. It was the best meal I had had since the "banquet" in the prison at Courtrai.

The woman of the house was probably seventy-five years old and had evidently worn wooden shoes all her life, for she had a callous spot on the side of her foot the size of half a dollar and it looked so hard that I doubt whether you could have driven a nail into it with a hammer!

As I sat there drying myself—for I was in no hurry to leave the first human habitation I had entered in four weeks—I reflected on my unhappy lot and the unknown troubles and dangers that lay ahead of me. Here, for more than a month, I had been leading the life of a hunted animal—yes, worse than a hunted animal, for nature clothes her less favored creatures more appropriately for the life they lead than I was clothed for mine—and there was not the slightest reason to hope that conditions would grow any better.

Perhaps the first warm food I had eaten for over a month had released unused springs of philosophy in me, as food sometimes does for a man.

I pointed to my torn and water-soaked clothes and conveyed to them as best I could that I would be grateful for an old suit, but apparently they were too poor to have more than they actually needed themselves, and I rose to go. I had aroused them out of bed and I knew I ought not to keep them up longer than was absolutely necessary.

As I approached the door I got a glance at myself in a mirror. I was the awfulest sight I had laid eyes on! The glimpse I got of myself startled me almost as much as if I had seen a dreaded German helmet! My left eye was fairly well healed by this time and I was beginning to regain sight of it, but my face was so haggard and my beard so long and unkempt that I looked like Santa Claus on a bat!

As they let me out of the door I pointed to the opposite direction to the one I intended taking and started off in the direction I had indicated. Later I changed my course completely to throw off any possible pursuit.

The next day I was so worn out from exposure and exhaustion that I threw away my coat, thinking that the less weight I had to carry the better it would be for me, but when night came I regretted my mistake because the nights were now getting colder. I thought at first it would be better for me to retrace my steps and look for the coat I had so thoughtlessly discarded, but I decided to go on without it.

I then began to discard everything that I had in my pocket, finally throwing my wrist watch into a canal. A wristwatch does not add much weight, but when you plod along and have not eaten for a month it finally becomes rather heavy. The next thing I discarded was a pair of flying mittens.

These mittens I had gotten at Camp Borden, in Canada, and had become quite famous, as my friends termed them "snow shoes." In fact, they were a ridiculous pair of mittens, but the best pair I ever had and I really felt worse when I lost those mittens than anything else. I could not think of anybody else ever using them, so I dug a hole in the mud and buried them and could not help but laugh at the thought if my friends could see me burying my mittens, because they were a standing joke in Canada, England and France.

I had on two shirts and as they were always both wet and didn't keep me warm, it was useless to wear both. One of these was a shirt that I had bought in France, the other an American army shirt. They were both khaki and one as apt to give me away as the other, so I discarded the French shirt. The American army shirt I brought back with me to England and it is still in my possession.

When I escaped from the train I still had the Bavarian cap of bright red in my pocket and wore it for many nights, but I took great care that no one saw it. It also had proven very useful when swimming rivers, for I carried my map and a few other belongings in it and I had fully made up my mind to bring it home as a souvenir. But the farther I went the heavier my extra clothing became, so I was compelled to discard even the cap. I knew that it would be a tell-tale mark if I simply threw it away, so one night after swimming a river, I dug a hole in the soft mud on the bank and buried it, too, with considerably less ceremony than my flying mittens had received perhaps; so that was the end of my Bavarian hat.

My experience at the Belgian's house whetted my appetite for more food and I figured that what had been done once could be done again. Sooner or later I realized I would probably approach a Belgian and find a German instead, but in such a contingency I was determined to measure my strength against the Hun's if necessary to effect my escape.

As it was, however, most of the Belgians to whom I applied for food gave it to me readily enough, and if some of them refused me it was only because they feared I might be a spy or that the Germans would shoot them if their action were subsequently found out.

About the fifth day after I had entered Belgium I was spending the day as usual in a clump of bushes when I discerned in the distance what appeared to be something hanging on a line. All day long I strained my eyes trying to decide what it could be and arguing with myself that it might be something that I could add to my indequate wardrobe, but the distance was so great that I could not identify it. I had a great fear that before night came it would probably be removed.

As soon as darkness fell, however, I crawled out of my hiding place and worked up to the line and got a pair of overalls for my industry. The pair of overalls was the first bit of civilian clothes I had thus far picked up

(Continued next week.)

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

ATTORNEYS.

SHERIDAN GORTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. All legal business given prompt attention. Smethport, Pa.

F. D. GALLUP,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. All legal business promptly and carefully attended to. Office over Hamlin's bank, Smethport, Pa.

E. R. MAYO & SONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW. Office over Grange bank, Smethport, Pa. Office connected with long distance telephone. E. R. Mayo, Notary Public.

THOMAS H. MORRISON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Smethport, Pa. All legal business given prompt and careful attention.

PHYSICIANS.

H. L. McCOY,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON. Office in I. O. O. F. block, Main street, Smethport, Pa.

JOHN CLARK, M. D., C. M.
Office and residence in Clark block, Smethport, Pa. Office hours: 8 to 10 a. m., and 1 to 3 p. m.

DENTISTS

DR. C. R. LONG,
Dentist.
Andersen & Carlson Block.
Office Hours: 9 to 12; 1 to 6.

INSURANCE

FIRE,
LIFE,
ACCIDENT,
In Good Reliable Companies.

W. F. SPECHT
SMETHPORT, PA.

Chas. Lemmler's
THE RELIABLE STORE
Now for many years ready to supply harnesses, whips blankets and robes—all sorts of horse furnishing goods.
Trunks, suit cases, traveling bags—standard leather goods
SMETHPORT, PA.

Clementine Gaskin
DU FOUR SYSTEM
Try one of my Dry Shampoos at 35c Regular Shampoos with Tonic applied 3 for $1.25.
All combings made up at 50c per o. Du Four Toilet Articles on Sale
105 E. King Street, Smethport, Pa. 'Phone 147R.

Denning's Market
ALWAYS THE BEST MEATS, POULTRY, FISH, OYSTERS, CHOICE GROCERIES.
OLEO 30c TO 37c POUND.
C. H. DENNING
Smethport, Pa.

Just Fun!
Raising chicks in a Standard Colony Brooder is fun—it's so interesting to see the little fluffy things grow. And when they get big enough to care for themselves, how proud and rich you are! The
STANDARD COLONY BROODER
PATENTED
is the greatest, most practical coal-burning brooder ever made, regardless of price. Raises a hundred chicks or a thousand, and the cost is less than a cent a day. We guarantee the "Standard" to do all that any other brooder will do, and do it better—and you may write the guarantee! Put down in writing what you think a brooder should do and we'll back the Standard to do it. Can you ask more than that?
Ask us for a "Book of Proof"—free. Remember—$16 buys the Standard Colony Brooder. Come in and see it.
E. W. STRONG,

LODGE DIRECTORY.

F. & A. M.—McKean Lodge, No. 288, meets on the second Wednesday of each month, at 8:15 p. m. at Masonic hall Main street.
AL. J. HYATT, W. M.
W. F. SPECHT, Sec'y.

I. O. O. F.—Smethport Lodge, No. 268, meets Friday evenings at 8:00 o'clock in I. O. O. F. hall. Will work initiatory degree first meeting of each month; 1st degree on second; 2nd degree on third, and 3rd degree on fourth meetings.
DR. BURG CHADWICK, N. G.
W. G. HOLDER, Secretary.

I. O. O. F.—Smethport Encampment, No. 273, meets the first and third Wednesdays of each month in I. O. O. F. hall.
R. C. CHASE, C. P.
J. A. SWANSON, S.

IDEAL REBEKAH LODGE, No. 68, meets the 1st and 3rd Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock, in the I. O. O. F. hall.
HATTIE ABBEY, N. G.
RACHEL P. AMSTER, Sec'y.

P. H. C.—Smethport Branch, No. 35, meets on every Tuesday evening in I. O. O. F. hall.
KATE BENDER, Pres.
ANNA O. STARK, Sec'y.

P. of H.—Meets 1st and 3rd Saturdays of each month at 2:00 p. m., in I. O. O. F. hall HENRY J. RICH, M.
ANNA O. STARK, Sec'y.

PHOENIX CHAPTER, NO. 14, O. E. S.—Meets 1st and 3rd Thursday evenings in each month in I. O. O. F. hall.
MRS. GERTRUDE GARLICK, W. M.
W. B. HOPPER, W. P.
MISS RITA DENNING, Secy.

CHURCHES.

M. E. Church—Rev. Arthur Gregson, pastor. Preaching 10:30 a. m.; Sunday school, 11:45 a. m.; Epworth League, 6:45 p. m. Evening service, 7:30. Mid-week prayer and praise service, Wednesday, 8 p. m.

Episcopal — Rev. E. H. Edson rector. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Additional services at 8 a. m., except on first Sunday of each month. Sunday school at 12:00 m.

All Saints' Memorial Chapel—East Smethport, Rev. W. H. VanDyke, rector. Divine service and Sunday school every Sunday at 2:30 p. m.

Baptist Church of Smethport—Rev. W. P. Wheeler, Pastor. Services: 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School at 11:45.

St. Elizabeth's Roman Catholic Church—P. J. Donahue, pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m.

Swedish Mission Church—Rev. G. Philblad, pastor. Services every other Sunday at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. On alternate Sundays meeting in the evening only. Sunday school every Sunday at 9:30 a. m. Prayer meeting Thursday night at 8 o'clock.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

STATE.

Governor—Martin G. Brumbaugh.
State Treasurer—Robert K. Young.
Auditor General—A. W. Powell.
Secy. Internal Affairs—Henry Houck.

DISTRICT and COUNTY.

President Judge—Joseph W. Bouton, Smethport.
Member of Congress—Charles H. Rowland, Phillipsburg.
State Senator—Frank E. Baldwin, Austin, Pa.
Members of Assembly—John A. Fitzgibbon, Bradford, Pa.; Frank P. Isherwood, Bradford, Pa.
State Highway Supt.—C. L. Lorah.

COUNTY.

Sheriff—E. W. Jones, Smethport.
Deputy Sheriffs—C. C. Choate, Smethport; J. H. Howe, Bradford.
Prothonotary—B. F. Starsky, Smethport.
Clerk of Courts—Frank R. Foster, Smethport.
County Treasurer — Frank Potter, Kane.
Recorder of Deeds—H. M. Choate.
Commissioners—A. M. Marsh, Bradford; O. S. Gahagan, Mt. Jewett; T. E. Flaherty, Bradford.
Commissioners' Clerk—A. R. Anderson, Clermont.
Register of Wills and Clerk of Orphans' Court—John B. Eastman, Smethport.
Coroner—E. R. Sherman, Bradford.
Jury Commissioners—Wm. H. Morrison, Smethport; W. G. Holder, Smethport.
Jury Commissioners' Clerk—H. D. Otto, Smethport; R. F. D.
Auditors—R. A. Greer, Bradford; J. K. Abbott, Bradford; Frank Burdick, Smethport.
County School Superintendent—C. W. Lillibridge, Smethport.
Asst. County School Superintendent—B. S. Taylor, Bradford.
District Attorney—Thos. B. Wilson, Bradford.
Mercantile Appraiser—F. E. Goodman, Mt. Jewett.
Sealer of Weights and Measures—R. P. Yerdon, Smethport.
County Solicitor—C. W. Shattuck, Smethport.
County Detective—Joseph F. Robinson, Bradford.
County Viewers—Harvey G. Berkhouse, Kane; C. M. Colegrove, Smethport; Dennie Davis, Kane; Griffin Hatfield, Bradford; Edward Martin, Marvindale; Thos. H. Morrison, Smethport; F. M. Webster, Bradford; F. M. Wright, Eldred.
Farm Bureau Supt.—E. S. Crossman.
Supt. County Home—C. O. Taylor.
Probation Officers—Grace E. Cole, J. A. Lindsey.

Borough.

Burgess—Warley Gifford.
Council—C. M. Colegrove, pres.; F. H. Biever, secy.; Claude Hackett, B. T. Garlick, W. B. Hopper, J. A. Lindholm, W. H. Hungerford, J. S. Tull.
Justices—R. C. Gleason, A. W. Colegrove.
School Directors—E. A. Studholme, pres.; G. W. Mitchell, v. pres.; T. H. Morrison, sec'y.; W. F. Specht, treas.; T. F. Hungerville.
Board of Health—Dr. John Clark, sec'y.
Constable—C. B. Dickinson.
Collector—R. C. Gleason.
Assessor—W. J. Burdick.
Auditors—J. Masser, E. W. Strong, F. H. Biever.
Judge of Election—Frank Cummings.
Inspectors of Election—George Barbour, Herman Tull.
Borough Solicitor—E. L. Keenan.

LARABEE

Attended Reunion—Entertained Relatives—Personal Notes.

Mrs. E. A. Studholme of Smethport was a business visitor here recently.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Crandall attended the Crandall reunion at Riverhurst last week and later visited relatives in Bolivar and Richburg.

F. B. Grantier of Crosby spent the Fourth with his daughter, Mrs. J. L. Raszmann.

Mrs. Joel Tomer and granddaughter, Miss Nine Lee Carpenter, were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Moore, of Coryville the Fourth.

Mrs. Lilas Smith and children of East Smethport are visiting Mrs. W. R. Evans.

Attorney Sheridan Gorton of Smethport was a business caller in town recently.

Mrs. Victory and son, Henry, of Emporium and daughter Mrs. De Coursy of Buffalo, called on Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Raszmann recently.

Several of our ownspeople attended Ringling Bros'. Circus in Olean Monday.

Miss Edythe Moore was a guest of her aunt, Mrs. Eros Carpenter, Monday.

Mrs. Kathryn Freeman and daughter, Miss Helen, of Smethport were visitor of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Raszmann the Fourth.

Miss Louise Orloff called on friends in town Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Johnson and children were guests of Mr. and Mrs. George Haynes of Sartwell, Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Crandall entertained Sunday the following relatives: Mr. and Mrs. E. V. Ellison, and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Foote of Olean, Mr. and Mrs. John Rice of Stulltown and Mr. O. Crandall of Bradford.

Mrs. Henry Raszmann was an Eldred visitor, Wednesday.

Mr. and Ms. Albert Rice, daughter Miss Alberta, and son, Raymond, also Miss Letha Wood attended the Crandall Reunion at Riverhurst last Saturday.

CORYVILLE.

S. L. Waldo of Bradford was a guest of B. F Cory and wife Sunday.

Mrs. Burdette Bray was a business visitor in Eldred recently.

Mrs. Albert Rice of Larabee visited her parents Mr. and Mrs. Volney Washburn, last Saturday.

E. G. Fairchild and wife were in Eldred and Prentiss Vale, last Friday

Miss Mary Moody, who has been in Smethport visiting Miss Gladys Nourse for a few days returned home Monday evening.

Several from this place enjoyed an outing at Rick City the 4th.

Lowell Gale is at Sargeant, has employment in the glass factory.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Taylor of Bradford was a guest last week of the formers brother. T. R. Taylor and family, and Mrs. Taylor's parents. Mr. and Mrs. Allen Irons.

A number of our towns people attended the circus at Olean, Monday.

Ray Mosier and family were in Rock City the 4th.

Miss Beatrice Taylor, who is attending summer school at Bradford, was home fo the 4th.

Mrs. Myrtle Barron, and Mrs. Ida Webster will serve, at the Ladies Aid this week. (Thursday.)

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Tash, Mrs. Fannie Ireland, Mrs. Zetto Tyler, daughter Florence and Asa Chaplin, were in Portville Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Parker were over Sunday guests of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Sparks.

Miss Thelma Sortore returned home Monday after a week's visit with Charles Taylor and family of Smethport.

Mr. and Mrs. George Moody and Mrs. Ella Holmes, accompanied by Mrs. Cora Conner of Port Allegany and Mrs. Orval Tuttle of Olean, N. Y, enjoyed a motor trip to Brockport, N. Y., visiting relatives. Mrs. Sara Holmes who resided in Brockport returned home with them, to be the guest of Mrs. Ella Holmes for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Asa Champlin, Mr. and Mrs. George Rees and family, Mr. Floyd Rees and family, and Mrs. Zetto Tyler, daughter, Florence were guests of Asa Rees and family on Open Brook the 4th.

Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Webster, Gilbert and Glen Rice motored to Smethport Saturday.

Mrs. Tina Essensa and little sister Esther Miller were in Smethport Monday.

BUSH HILL.

George Butterfield's car got away from him Sunday and ran down through a field quite a distance but luckily no one was hurt. Leave it to the "Ford."

Mrs. Thos Smith was a pleasant caller on Mrs. Margaret O'Reilly, Friday evening.

A number of young people from here attended the dance at Bert Swort's Thursday evening all reported a good time.

Mrs. Fritz Krupp and little son Frederick, who has ben visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Smith left Saturday for Olean, N. Y., where she will make her future home.

Miss Marion VanSickles who has been assisting her aunt, Mrs. Cecil Freer with her house work has returned to her home.

The Misses Marie Hooley and Nellie Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Lacy, motored to Olean, N. Y., Monday evening and attended the Ringling Brothers Circus.

There will be a dance at Theo. Cleveland's Friday evening. Don't forget to come.

Mr. Anna McKiernan, sons, Charles and Joseph were pleasant callers on Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Smith, Monday evening.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. Burg Chadwick left Saturday for New York City to visit Dr. Everell Chadwick who is a patient at a hospital in that city.

Robert Hull of the U. S. S. Iowa, who had been spending a short furlough with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Hull and family left last Friday.

R. E. Boyer, who has been spending a few days with his sister, Mrs. Nellie Meyers, in Rochester, returned to his home in Smethport, Saturday.

Miss Adelia Malcolm, a teacher in the Atlantic City, N. J., schools, is spending the summer vacation with her parents here.

Hamlin Bosworth is home from Franklin, Pa., on account of the illness and death of his father, Chas. Bosworth.

CROSBY

Pleasant Social Events—News Notes ..... and Personal Mention. .....

Mr. J. R. Greeley entertained 34 of her relatives and friends at her home. The occasion being her 41st birthday anniversary. The out of town friends were Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Rosier and their musical family of Olean and E. D. Mede their instructor who furnished the music for the occasion every one seemed to enjoy themselves to the utmost and at a late hour a delicious lunch was served.

George Winslow leaves on the 22d for training camp.

A nurse is caring for Mrs. Walters who is very ill, and is at the home of George Lathrope.

There was quite a number from this place attended the fourth of July celebration at Betula.

Mr. Falk has returned to his home after spending some time with his daughter Mrs. Sara Grover.

Miss Gretchen Winslow is visiting her sister Mrs. Gertrude Natello of Buffalo, her little nephew Jack returned with her after spending some time with his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Roy Winslow.

Master Max and Miss Bessie Smith are visiting in Olean.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Schlander entertained at their home for dinner, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Rosier, E. D. Mede of Olean, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Bloomster and family, Mr. and Mrs. Martin Doubles and daughter Florence of Crosby and Mrs. Dan Bloomster of Bloomster Hollow. After which Mr. Rosier left on the four o'clock for their home in Olean, N. Y.

John Kilcoin spent the fourth with his family.

Mr. and Mrs. Milton Marsh and daughters, Evelyn and Mavis spent the fourth with Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Marsh.

Mrs. Bertha Marsh and son, Vennie spent Thursday in Coleville.

Mr. and Mrs. Rosiers Musical family gave some very interesting music at the depot while waiting for the train July 4th, also the little lad of seven years gave a step which all enjoyed.

Anthony Greeley has returned home from Olean where he has been employed for some time.

Miss Hannah Greeley spent some time in Olean visiting friends.

Lilla Tarbox of Hazelhurst is visiting relatives and friends in Crosby.

Miss Ruth Easterwood of Port Allegany is visiting friends here.

Mrs Herman Krueger and daughter Helen and Nephew John, autoed to Bradford on Tuesday and had the pleasur of seeing her daughter Sylvia who she has not seen for the past eight months.

Mr. E. N. Wilcox called on I. G. Wilcox Sunday.

Mrs. Llewellys Freer was visiting in Crosby last week.

Miss Lena Culver is assisting Mrs. M. W. Grinolds with her house hold duties.

John Kilcoin is moving with his family to Instanter.

Mrs. Josephine Krueger and daughter, Helen called on Mrs. Clara Wilcox Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Hendrickson and Mrs. Sara Grover autoed to Olean Saturday and while there Mr. Hendrickson sold his car.

Mrs Anna Smith is visiting in Brockwayville.

Mrs. Alta Kilcoin and children and Mrs. Clara Wilcox visited Mrs. W. H. Edmunds of Colegrove, Monday.

Little Harold German is going and is home from the hospital.

Temperance meeting led by Mrs. Clara Wilcox Sunday night.

Mr. Earnest Davis and Miss Amelia Carpenter spent the fourth with Mr. and Mrs. Harry Whitemore.

Campfire girls held a meeting with their leader Mrs. Florence Honson.

ELDRED

To Improve Water System—Injured While on a Visit.

Receiver C. S. King for the Galeton Eldred Water company has agreed to use all the money available from the revenues of the company, in fixing up the local water system. At a special meeting with the borough council Wednsday night, it was agreed to get together on the matter and get something started as soon as possible. Just what will be done is not yet fully outlined, but it is proposed by Mr. King to increase the size of the reservoirs, connect up some of the "dead ends," and fit up the pumping apparatus. This will mean the outlay of possibly several thousand dollars, but as the system is now out of the hands of stock and bond manipulators, it is possible to get something done to improve it.

Mrs. J. H. Racey, while visiting Mr. Racey's home in Connecticut, last week had the misfortune to step off backward from a short flight of steps, and severely injure her shoulder. Upon returning home the last of the week, she suffered from the injury and Wednesday she was taken to the Bradford hospital where an X-ray showed that the upper bone of the left arm was broken close to the shoulder joint. It was given proper attention and the patient is home now and is improving.

Mesars J. McNaulty, Peter Hennigan and C. E. Smith drove to Smethport, Monday, on call of the sheriff, to look over two suspects that had been gathered in and who might be implicated in the burglaries pulled off in Eldred last week. They found nothing on the two men under arrest that they could identify.

The death of Flander D. Green of Turtle Point, occurred at the Bradford hospital, last Friday, at 6 o'clock a. m. He was 75 years of age. He had recently undergone an operation. He leaves a widow and several children.

B. H. Clark and family, Gordon Smith and family, and B. G. McFall and family, autoed to Cuba lake, for the Fourth.—Eagle.

PORT ALLEGANY

News Notes in Brief Taken from the Reporter.

Mrs. Emelia Anderson, wife of John Edward Anderson, died Tuesday at noon at her home on Main street, after an illness of about two months, being confined to her bed only a week, the cause of her death being heart failure. Mrs. Anderson was born in Sweden in 1847, and was 70 years and eight months old at the time of her demise.

George Black, Jr., leaves Saturday, July 6, for Zanesville, Ohio, to represent Branch 75 of the Glass Bottle Blowers Association of the United States and Canada at their 43rd annual convention to be held at that place. Mrs. Black and children will accompany him as far as Pitsburgh, where they will pass a few days with relatives.

One o fthe proudest men in town is Manzer Mowry, who has three sons now in the U. S. Army. Edward and Lloyd, who are at Camp Lee, Va., and Bertram L., who recently enlisted at Cumberland, Md., and is now at Camp Merritt, N. J.

The Star Hose Co. gave a farewell smoker last Thursday evening in honor of J. M. Keeny, who will move to Amsterdam, N. Y. in the near future. Mr. Keeny was the recipient of a gold watch chain in honor of his long service with the company.

Mr. and Mrs. William Chandler are entertaining a baby boy which the stork brought to their residence on Thursday evening, June 27th.

Miss Esther Hughes and Arthur Doyle of the U. S. Navy were married Wednesday at the First Presbyterian church at Olean.

The Star Hose Company will put on another of their popular dances on Friday evening, July 12th. The Fitzgerald Orchestra will again be in attendance.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Haines are rejoicing over the arrival of a baby girl, born Monday afternoon.

LA FAYETTE

Mrs. Sandeen Died—Soldier Reported Ill—Arrived In France.

Charles Hallock of the U. S. N. is spending a furlough with his parents here.

Ghordis Trumbull, who has been training at Newport, R. I., is reported seriously ill there. His mother, Mrs. Aletha Kemery of Buffalo, is with him. The family formerly resided here and all hope for Ghordis' speedy recovery.

Mrs. Cornelia Woodward, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Park Briscoe at Allen, has returned home.

Mrs. Jennie Sandeen of Bradford, formerly of LaFayette, died at the Bradford hospital last Tuesday, where she had been a patient for some time. She was a daughter of Geo. Bowen and a sister of Mrs. W. O. Hilliard and the community extends much sympathy to them and to the other relatives also.

Geo. Taylor was in Bradford Monday.

The Fourth was a very quiet one in La Fayette. There was nothing at all going on.

Mrs. Sam Nolen and daughter, Helen, are visiting relatives in Pittsburgh.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Miller have received a letter from their son Will from "Somewhere in France," in which he tates that he is located in a pleasant little village and enjoys it very much.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Lee of Davis, Lloyd Taylor and Miss Rose Black of this place motored to Kinzua, Warren and other places an July Fourth.

Laurice Trumbull of Buffalo is visiting his uncle, F. O. Tenny.

Mr. and Mrs. Leo. Barnes and son Jesse who have been residing in La Fayette for the past two years have gone to North Road to live.

Miss Minnie Webb who spent a few days at her home here left Sunday for Bradford where she is employed at the Bradford Hospital.

The Bell Telephone Co. installed a 'phone in Mrs. Bettie Webb's house Tuesday.

Born June 20 to Mr. and Mrs. Albert Beeman, a son and June 21 to Mr. and Mrs. John Beeman, a son.

The Lafayette Coal Co., has purchased a large truck which has arrived and is being operated at the mines.

A very enjoyable party was held at Grange Hall Tuesday evening in honor of Ed Mowery who left with Friday's contingent of drafted men. The hall was prettily decorated with flowers and flags and a delicious luncheon served. Mr. Mowery was presented a gold wrist watch.

The dance held in Grange hall Friday evening was quite successful. Jamison's orchestra furnished the music and the ladies of the Gange furnished supper.

War Savings day was observed at the various school houses Friday, June 28 and was very successful many pledges being made to purchase stamps.

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF WARREN COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA.

R. G. CHAPEL, Trustee, successor in the trust to Gerald D. M. Girdwood, Trustee, named in a certain Indenture of Mortgage dated June 1, 1892, executed by Tidal Oil Company, a corporation. Plaintiff

VS.

THE TIDAL OIL COMPANY, a corporation. Defendant

No. 24 March Term, 1918 IN EQUITY.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order and decree of the Court of Common Pleas of Warren County, Pennsylvania, sitting in equity, in the above entitled case made on the 9th day of April, 1918, the undersigned Trustee will expose to sale at public auction at the Court House in the Borough and County of Warren and State of Pennsylvania, at 2 o'clock P. M., on **the 14th day of August, 1918.**

Parcel No. 1

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Kenting Township, McKean County, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the south west corner of the North part of lot No. 425 of the Allotment of lands of the Bingham estate conveyed December 1, 1880; together with the north part of lot No. 427 to Wm. Marshall, et al; thence along the south line of said lot south 87 degrees west 100 rods; thence along the west line of lot No. 248, contracted prior to Dec. 1, 1880, to be sold to Alhonso A. Hopkins, et al, south 3¼ degrees west, 82 5-10 rods; thence along the north line of the north part of lot No. 431, conveyed Dec. 1, 1880, to Wm. H. Brown, et al and the North line of lot No. 429 leased to George V. Foreman north 3½ degrees west 104 rods thence along the east line of lot No. 371 leased to Wm. Marshall et al, being also the west line of Warrant No. 2281 north 87 degrees east 82 5-10 rods to the place of beginning, containing 54 acres, and being the south parts of lots No. 426 and 427 of the allotment of lands of the Bingham Estate and a part of Warrant No. 3677.

Together with the wells and personal property thereon as hereinafter more particularly described.

Parcel No. 2

Also another lot situate in the Township and County aforesaid bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the north west corner of lot No. 371 of the Bingham lands; thence along the north line of said lot south 87¼ degrees east 92 7-10 rods; thence along the west line of lot No. 80 and the west line of lot No. 367, north 2¼ degrees east 75 rods; thence along the south line of lot No. 388 north 87¼ degrees west 92 7-10 rods; thence along the east line of lot No. 390 south 2¼ degrees west 75 rods to the place of beginning, containing 13 4-10 acres more or less, but excepting out of this grant a certain tract of about 30,000 barrels capacity now situate upon one of the two pieces of land above described, together with one-half acre of land upon which said tank is located, with the right of ingress and egress thereunto.

Together with the wells and personal property thereon as hereinafter more particularly described.

Parcel No. 3

Also, all that certain other tract of land situate in the said Township bounded and described as follows. Beginning at the north west corner of Lot No. 425; thence along the west line of said lot south 3¼ degrees west, 75 5-10 rods; thence along the north lines of the south parts of lots No. 427 and 426 north 87 degrees west 104 rods; thence along the east line of lot No. 371 being also the east line of warrant No. 2281 north 3¼ degrees east, 75 5-10 rods, thence along the south line of lot No. 393 and of lot No. 392, south 87 degrees east 104 rods to the place of beginning. Containing 50 acres more or less, it being the north parts of lots No. 426 and 427 of the allotment of the Bingham Estate and part of Warrent No. 3677.

Together with the wells and personal property thereon as hereinafter more particularly described.

Parcel No. 4

Also that certain other piece or parcel of land situate in the same Township, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the northwest corner of lot No. 392 thence along the west line thereof south 2¼ degrees west 77 7-10 rods; thence along the north lines of the north parts of lots No. 426 and 427 above described and the north line of lot No. 371 north 87 degrees west 92 7-10 rods; thence along the east line of lot No. 395 north 3¼ degrees east 75 3-10 rods; thence along the south line of lot No. 390 south 87 degrees east 92 7-10 rods to the place of beginning, containing 44 3-10 acres of land more or less and being lot No. 393 aforesaid and part of the Bingham lands of the Allotment of the Bingham 2282 and 3355, but always excepting and reserving out of the four pieces above described one eighth part of all the petroleum and gas as provided in certain Deeds of the said premises from Charles Willing, Trustee, to different Vendees for the same.

Together with the wells and personal property thereon as hereinafter more particularly described.

Parcel No. 5

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in South west Township, Warren County, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Being part of a larger tract of land designated on a general map or plan of the lands of the Holland Land Company by No. 197 bounded thus: Beginning at a post at the south west corner of the whole tract, thence along the south line thereof by tract No. 198 eastwardly 160 rods to a post; thence by the residue of the tract north 52 rods; thence westwardly parallel to the first line 160 rods to a point in the west line of the whole tract; and thence along the line of said tract southwardly by tract No. 196, 52 rods to the place of beginning, containing 52 acres of land, strict measure.

Together with the wells and personal property thereon as hereinafter more particularly described.

Parcel No. 6

Also, that certain other tract or parcel of land situate in the same Township, described as follows: Beginning at a post in the North west corner of land formerly owned by Stephen E. Dyer; thence eastwardly 160 rods to a post; thence southwardly 53 rods to a post; thence westwardly 160 rods to a post; thence northwardly 53 rods to the place of beginning. Containing 52 acres of land strict measure, and being part of tract No. 197, but subject to the reservation of one half of the royalty or land interest of all oil produced as set forth in deed from S. H. Carpenter and wife to Joseph Blakesley, dated November 2, 1870.

Together with the wells and personal property thereon as hereinafter more particularly described.

Parcel No. 7

Also that other piece or parcel of land situate in the same Township, described as follows: Beginning at a beech tree in the North west corner of tract No. 197; thence east along the North line thereof, 160 rods to a post; thence south by residue of the tract 50 rods to a post; thence west along the north line of lands formerly owned by E. T. Scott, 160 rods to a post in the west line of the whole tract; thence north along said west line 50 rods to the place of beginning, containing 50 acres of land with allowance more or less, and being part of tract No. 197, but subject to a certain lease for oil purposes, made to Miller Brothers and Co.

Together with the wells and personal property thereon as hereinafter more particularly described.

Parcel No. 8

Also all that certain other piece or parcel of land situate in the same Township, described as follows: Beginning at a post the southwest corner of the whole tract; thence along the south line thereof by tract No. 198 eastwardly 160 rods to a post; thence by land formerly conveyed to E. C. Benedict westwardly 160 rods to a sugar tree in the west line of the whole tract; and thence along said tract line southwardly by tract No. 196, 125 rods to the place of beginning. But excepting and reserving from the lands situate in said South West Township as hereinabove described 52 acres and 53 perches conveyed by S. H. Carpenter and wife.

Together with the wells and personal property thereon as hereinafter more particularly described.

Parcel No. 9

Also that certain other piece or parcel of land situate in said Township bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the south west corner of a certain lease made to A. J. Hazeltine and C. W. Stone in the west line of lands owned by the Oil Creek and Caldwell Branch Petroleum Company; thence easterly along the south line of said lease 166 rods to a post; thence southerly parallel with said west line 174 2-3 rods to the south line of said land; thence westerly along the south line of said land 48 rods to the south west corner of said land; thence northwardly along said west line 174 2-3 rods to the place of beginning, containing 50 acres of land more or less, and being a part of tract No. 197.

Together with the wells and personal property thereon as hereinafter more particularly described.

Parcel No. 10

Also that certain leasehold estate situate in said Township, granted by A. Holman and B. J. Hopkins to C. J. Tew and Co., on the 19th day of July, 1886.

Together with the wells and personal property thereon as hereinafter more particularly described.

Parcel No. 11

Also, all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Harmony Township, Forest County, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: On the north by the Gorman Road, on the east, by R. B. Holland; on the south and west by lands of McCoy. Containing 40 acres of land more or less.

Together with the wells and personal property thereon as hereinafter more particularly described.

Parcel No. 12

Also that certain other piece or parcel of land situate in said Township of Harmony, and bounded and described as follows: On the North by the Gorman Road, on the east and south by lands of O. D. Harrington, on the west by lands of Horace Wilkins and others. Containing 12 acres more or less.

Together with the wells and personal property thereon as hereinafter more particularly described.

Parcel No. 13

Also that certain other piece or parcel of land situate in the same Township, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the North east corner of the whole tract; thence west by the North line thereof along land of William T. Neill 80 rods to a post; thence south on a line parallel with the east line of the whole tract 40 rods to a post; thence east on a line parallel to a post; thence east on a line parallel with the North line of the tract 60 rods to the east line thereof, thence along said east line north 40 rods to the place of beginning. Containing 15 acres net.

Together with the wells and personal property thereon as hereinafter more particularly described.

Parcel No. 14

Also all that certain other piece or parcel of land situate in the same township, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post thence by lands formerly of James H. Neill, east 105 7-10 to a post thence by lands formerly of J. W. Scott north 90 5-10 rods to a post; thence by lands formerly of W. T. Neill west 105 7-10 to a white oak; thence south 90 4-10 rods to the place of beginning. Containing 49 acres and 61 rods and allowance, but excepting and reserving 15 acres out of the north east corner thereof, being the 15 acres last above described.

Together with the wells and personal property thereon as hereinafter more particularly described.

Parcel No. 15

Also that certain leasehold estate situate in the same Township bounded as follows: North by lands of S. Wilson, east by lands of L. F. Watson, south by lands of Clark E. Bruce and Company, and R. O. Carson, west by lands of Josiah Neill and R. O. Carson, being the same leasehold estate granted to J. A. Waterhouse, and others, by W. E. Clark and others by instrument dated April 30, 1891.

Together with the wells and personal property thereon as hereinafter more particularly described.

Parcel No. 16

Also that certain other leasehold, situate in the same Township, bounded on the east by lands of L. F. Watson, deceased on the north by lands of Samuel Wilson, leased to A. A. Hopkins, on the West by lands of Sye Neill and on the south by lands of John Siggins, containing 131 acres and the same leasehold granted to E. P. Hue and J. L. Acomb, et al, by instrument dated September 9, 1890.

Together with the wells and personal property thereon as hereinafter more particularly described.

Parcel No. 17

Also that certain other leasehold estate situate in the same Township, bounded and described as follows: North by lands of O. D. Harrington and McCoy, east by lands of Dr. Shannburg, south by lands of L. F. Watson formerly Thompson farm, west by lands of L. F. Watson, formerly Thompson farm and B. C. Scott. Containing 15 acres, being the same leasehold estate granted by Hosea Paul to A. A. Hopkins by instrument dated June 18, 1890.

Together with the wells and personal property thereon as hereinafter more particularly described.

Parcel No. 18

Also that certain other leasehold estate situate in the same Township, bounded and described as follows: On the north by lands formerly of Dr. Smiley and Barr and Beach, east by lands of Gorman and L. F. Watson, south by lands now or formerly of A. A. Hopkins, Acomb, et al, westerly by lands of B. Fogle, Sye Neill and R. O. Carson et al. Containing 200 acres in all, be the same more or less according to a plan or map of said Township made by S. D. Irwin et al, March 1, 1888, and intended to cover two tracts known as the original Jane Young farm, and the piece formerly Neill, now Wilson part, being the same leasehold estate granted to J. A. Waterhouse, et al, by instrument dated Sept. 10, 1890.

Together with the wells and personal property thereon as hereinafter more particularly described.

Parcel No. 19

Also that certain other leasehold estate situate in the same Township being 10 acres of land out of the North west corner of the B. C. Scott farm, being 10 rods square and being the same leasehold estate granted by B. C. Scott to Herbert Morian by instrument dated April 3, 1877.

Together, with the wells and personal property thereon as hereinafter more particularly described.

Parcel No. 20

Also that certain other leasehold estate situate in the same Township, being 10 acres of land out of the North west corner of the B. C. Scott farm, being 10 rods square and being the same leasehold estate granted by B. C. Scott to Herbert Morian by instrument dated April 3, 1877.

Together, with the wells and personal property thereon as hereinafter more particularly described.

Parcel No. 21

Also that certain other leasehold situate in the same Township bounded and described as follows: On the north by lands of F. W. Cobin, on the east by lands of W. J. Gorman and B. C. Scott, on the south by lands of Watson formerly Thompson farm, and on the west by lands of Samuel Wilson and J. H Nicll, containing 70 acres more or less, being the same leasehold estate granted to John A. Waterhouse by Horace Wilkins by instrument dated Sept. 25, 1890.

Together with the wells and personal property thereon as hereinafter more particularly described.

Parcel No. 22

Also that certain other leasehold estate situate in the same Township, being 10 acres of the McGinley farm, being the same leasehold estate granted by O. D. Harrington to A. A. Hopkins by instrument dated October 6, 1884, and the same 10 acres selected by said lessee under the terms of said lease.

Together with the wells and personal property thereon as hereinafter more particularly described.

Parcel No. 23

Also, that certain other leasehold estate situate in the same township. Being 10 acres granted to A. A. Hopkins by O. D. Harrington by instrument dated March 22, 1890, said 10 acres being a part of what is called in said lease the McGinley farm, and that with three other pieces embracing 40 acres in the subdivision part of said farm 40 acres being in a rectangular form or nearly so.

Together with the wells and personal property thereon as hereinafter more particularly described.

Parcel No. 24

Also, that certain other leasehold estate situate in the same Township. Being part of what is known as the Thompson farm, out of the north east corner of said farm. Commencing on the north line of said farm 100 rods from the Northwest corner thereof; thence south parallel with the East line of the tract, 80 rods; thence east parallel with the north line of the tract to the east line thereof; thence north by the east line thereof, by its various courses and distances to the north line of the tract; thence along the north line of the tract to the place of beginning, containing about 50 acres, be the same more or less, and being the same lease hold conveyed by instrument from Lewis F. Watson to A. A. Hopkins, dated March 15th, 1890.

Together with the wells and personal property thereon as hereinafter more particularly described.

Parcel No. 25

Also, all that certain leasehold situate in the Township of Pennsylvania, boundary, and state of Pennsylvania, bounded in Oil Creek township, county of Venango, and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Being all that farm known as the Vose farm, all that farm land as formerly deeded being the same land as formerly deeded to the West Pithole Petroleum Company, by Thomas Brown, et al, containing 108 acres of land, more or less, excepting and reserving therefrom 5 acres heretofore leased to J. P. Coffeer of the north east corner of said lot, said lease being 50 rods long by 27 rods in width, and also excepting and reserving therefrom the three wells owned or worked by A. H. Brownson, and also excepting and reserving one oil well known as the Irwin Well, and created by instrument in writing dated November 9th, 1888, from the West Pithole Petroleum Company to Myron Matson and William P. Thompson.

Together with all producing oil wells, all oil well iron casing, all oil well tubing, all line pipe, all oil well rigs, all oil well iron casing rigs and connections, oil, water and gas and steam pipes, oil and water sucker rods, pumping rods and pumping rigs and connections, oil, water tanks, receiving tanks and connections, engines, boilers, boiler houses, pumping powers and connections and appliances, and all belts, ropes and tools belonging thereto, the same being now belonging thereto, the same being now described land connected upon said described land and hereby declared to be a part thereof, and used for operating the oil wells on said land.

Terms of sale 10 per cent of amount bid at time of sale and the balance upon confirmation of sale and delivery of deed.

R. G. CHAPEL, Trustee.

Bordwell & Eldred,
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
Warren, Pa.